

Appendix D:

# Priority Manufacturing Occupation Group Profiles

# There are **39 key occupation groups that work in manufacturing**. In the 2023 Skills Priority List, **24 of these occupation groups contained occupations identified as having a shortage**.

1334 Manufacturers	3511 Bakers and Pastrycooks
1335 Production Managers	3920 Printing Trades Workers, nfd
2323 Fashion, Industrial and Jewellery Designers	3921 Print Finishers and Screen Printers
2342 Chemists, and Food and Wine Scientists	3922 Graphic Pre-press Trades Workers
3114 Science Technicians	3923 Printers
	3991 Boat Builders and Shipwrights
	3994 Jewellers
	7111 Clay, Concrete, Glass and Stone Processing Machine Operators
	7115 Plastics and Rubber Production Machine Operators
	7119 Other Machine Operators
	7123 Engineering Production Workers
	8311 Food and Drink Factory Workers
	8320 Packers and Product Assemblers, nfd
	8322 Product Assemblers
	8390 Miscellaneous Factory Process Workers, nfd
	8391 Metal Engineering Process Workers
	8392 Plastics and Rubber Factory Workers
	8393 Product Quality Controllers
	8399 Other Factory Process Workers
All conditioning and terrigeration rectiantes	8995 Printing Assistants and Table Workers
3124 Electronic Engineering Draftspersons and Technicians 3125 Mechanical Engineering Draftspersons and Technicians 3129 Other Building and Engineering Technicians 3220 Fabrication Engineering Trades Workers, nfd 3221 Metal Casting, Forging and Finishing Trades Workers 3222 Sheetmetal Trades Workers 3223 Structural Steel and Welding Trades Workers 3231 Aircraft Maintenance Engineers 3232 Metal Fitters and Machinists 3233 Precision Metal Trades Workers 3234 Toolmakers and Engineering Patternmakers 3242 Vehicle Body Builders and Trimmers 3411 Electricians 3421 Airconditioning and Refrigeration Mechanics	Jewellers Clay, Concrete, Glass and Stone Processing Machine Operator Plastics and Rubber Production Machine Operators Other Machine Operators Til9 Other Machine Operators Engineering Production Workers 8311 Food and Drink Factory Workers 8320 Packers and Product Assemblers, nfd 8322 Product Assemblers 8390 Miscellaneous Factory Process Workers, nfd 8391 Metal Engineering Process Workers 8392 Plastics and Rubber Factory Workers 8393 Product Quality Controllers 8399 Other Factory Process Workers



#### 1334 Manufacturers

JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023

The median age across all occupations is 42

Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033

Part-time share (%)	Female share (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	Employed ('000) May 2023		Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033
19	24	N/A	45	work	021, 39% rked in	+21.4%
				Manu	nufacturing	

#### Manufacturers by state/territory of Australia (2021)

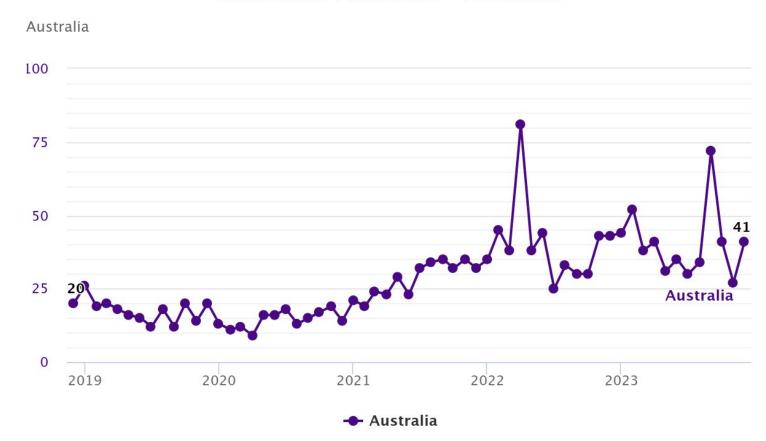


Within this occupation group, 133411 Manufacturer is in shortage in **NSW, QLD and WA** with an estimated 15.9k persons employed as of 2021 (ABS Census).

While employment is expected to grow, there is no accredited VET training currently available for this occupation.

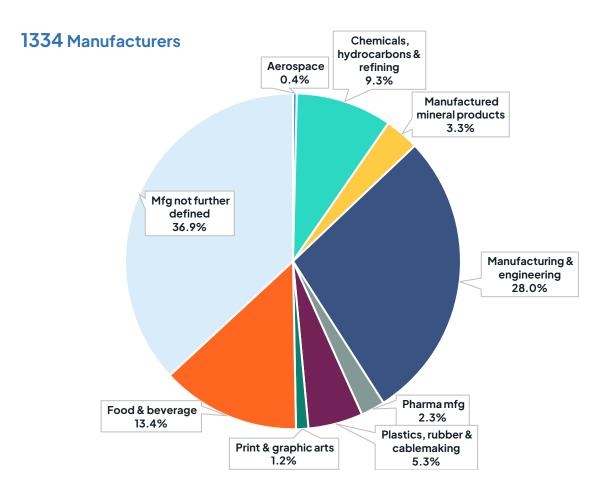


#### 1334 Manufacturers





# Employment by subsector (2021)







#### 1335 Production Managers

National average of PT workers: 31%\*

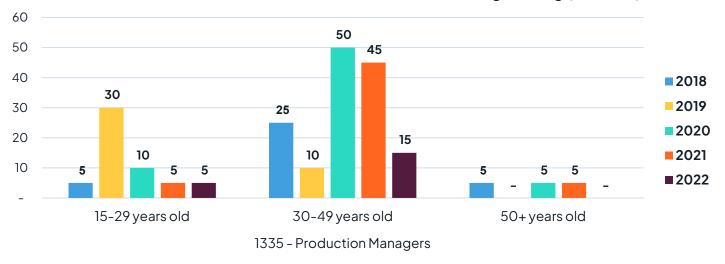
JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023

The median age across all occupations is 42

Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033

Part-time share (%)	Female share (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	Employed ('000) May 2023		Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033
5	17	\$2,332	46	64.15	In 2021, 29% worked in MFG	+19.8%

#### 2018–2022 enrolment trend for related manufacturing training (national)



Within this occupation group, 133512 Production Manager (Manufacturing) is in shortage in **NT** with an estimated 34.8k persons employed as of 2021 (ABS Census) but **only 80** were employed in **NT**.

Qualifications from the MSM and PMA Training Packages provide training for this occupation. Most enrolments were within the 30-49 age group.

Trending skill \*\* for
133512 Production Manager (Manufacturing):
Business intelligence and decision support
software



Sources: JSA Occupation Profiles Data - November 2023, Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033, ABS Census 2021 and NCVER qualification enrolments 2018-22.

\*In 2024, 31% of all workers were employed on a part-time basis and 69% full-time employed (source: ABS Labour Force Results – January 2024)

\*\*JSA Atlas Pro – This occupation has a trending skill. Trending Skills are digital skills that have increased in demand over the past five years based on job advertisement data.

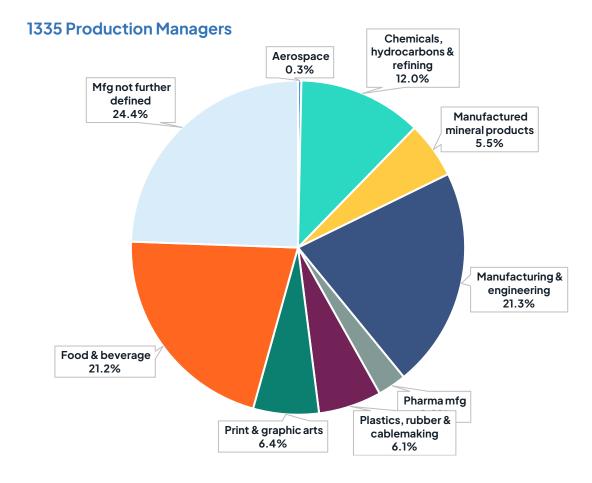


## 1335 Production Managers





# Employment by subsector (2021)





#### 2342 Chemists, and Food and Wine Scientists



JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023

The median age across all occupations is 42

Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033

Part-time share (%)	Female share (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	Employed ('000) May 2023	Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033
13	31	\$2,356	50	9.91 worked in	

#### Food Technologists by state/territory of Australia (2021)



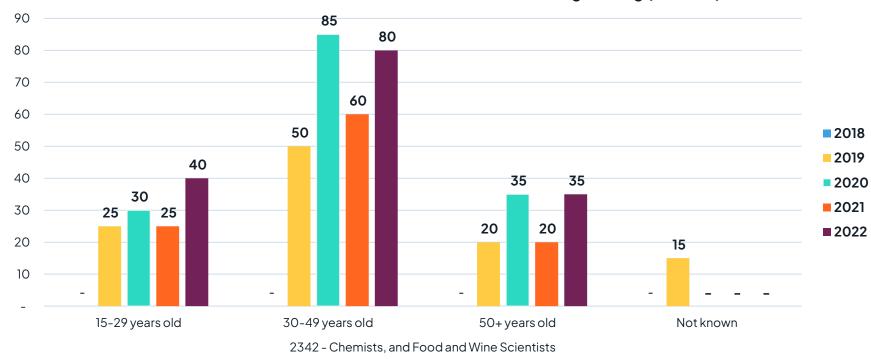
Within this occupation group, 234212 Food Technologist has **a national shortage** with an estimated 1.4k persons employed as of 2021 (ABS Census).



#### 2342 Chemists, and Food and Wine Scientists



#### 2018–2022 enrolment trend for related manufacturing training (national)



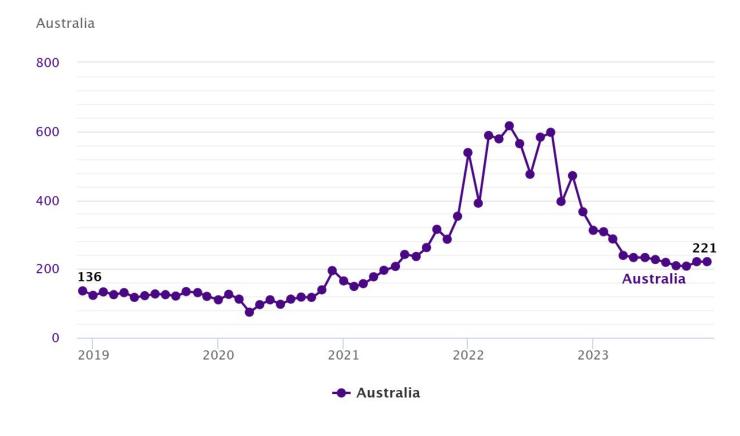
Qualifications in the FBP training package provides training for this occupation. Enrolments have grown over the past few years across student age groups, but it may take some time to flow through the workforce.

There have been 15 chemists, food and wine scientists commencing training under a manufacturing apprentice/traineeship from March 2019-2023.



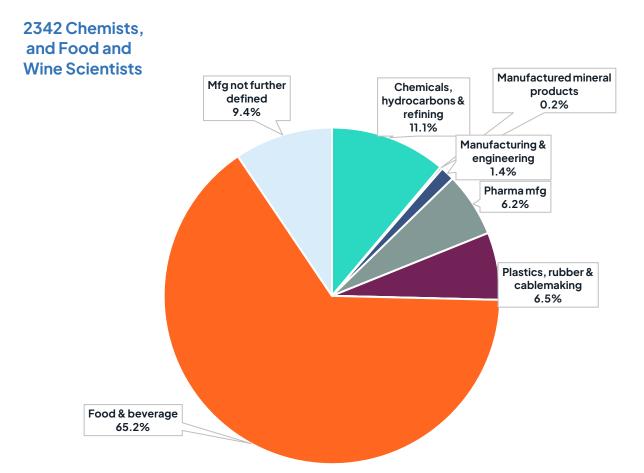


#### 2342 Chemists, and Food and Wine Scientists





#### Employment by subsector (2021)





#### 3114 Science Technicians

JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023

The median age across all occupations is 42

Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033

Part-time share (%)	Female share (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	Employed ('000) May 2023	Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033
18	39	\$1,441	35	22.2 In 2021, 13% worked in MFG	+12.2%

#### Workers by state/territory of Australia (2021)



■ 311412 Earth Science Technician

■ 311413 Life Science Technician

Within this occupation group, 311412 Earth Science Technician has **a national shortage** and a shortage of 311413 Life Science Technician in **NSW**.



#### 3114 Science Technicians

#### 4,000 3,400 3,500 3,000 2,650 2,245 2.500 2018 2019 2.000 1,750 2020 1.500 **2021 2022** 1.000

2018–2022 enrolment trend for related manufacturing training (national)

Qualifications from the MSL and MSS Training Packages provide training for this occupation.

Enrolments have grown over the past few years, particular for the 15-29 cohort.

There have been 10 science technicians commencing training under a manufacturing apprentice/traineeship.



15-29 years old



14 years and under

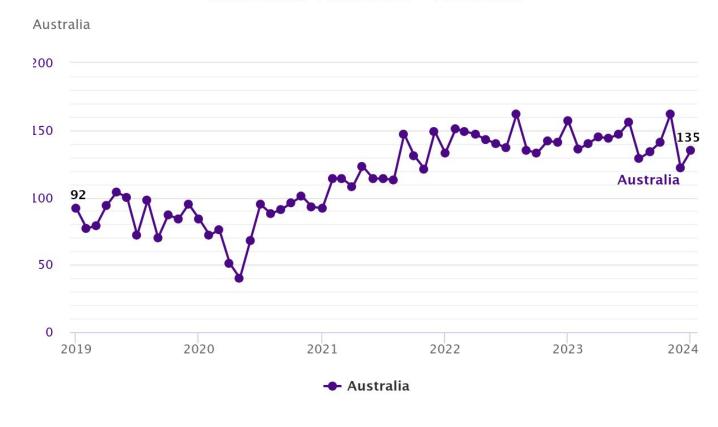
500

30-49 years old

15

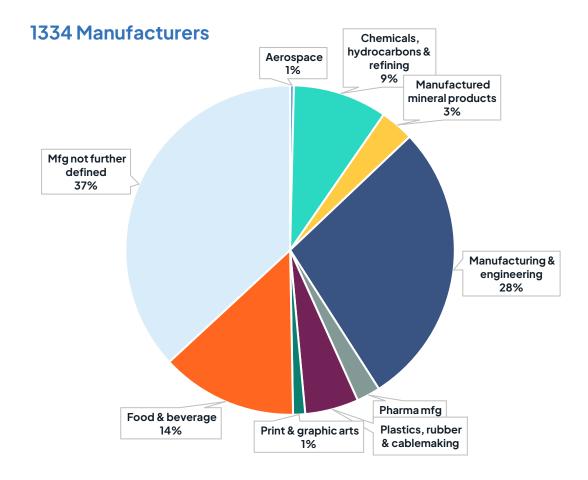
50+ years old

### 3114 Science Technicians





## Employment by subsector (2021)







#### 3124 Electronic Engineering Draftspersons and Technicians

National average of PT Workers: 31%**  JSA Occupation Profiles data – November 2023							Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033			
Part-time share (	%) Female share (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	Emp	loyed ('000) M	ay 2023	Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033			
5	14	\$2.184	40		5.6	In 2021, 16% worked in MFG	+15.5%			

The median age across

#### Workers by state/territory of Australia (2021)



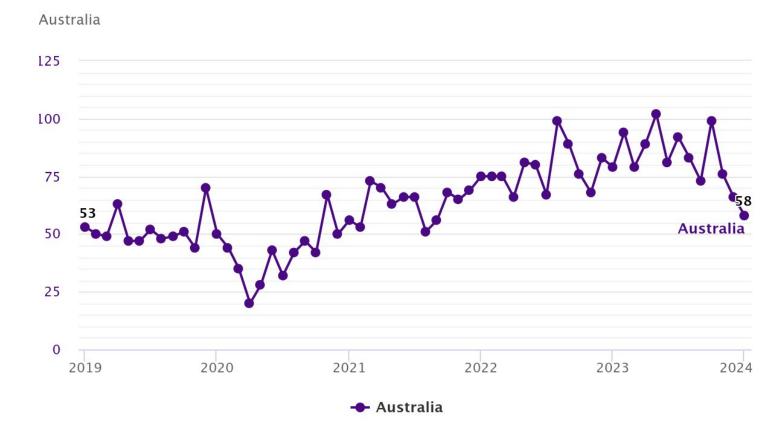
■ 312412 Electronic Engineering Technician

Within this occupation group, there is a shortage of 312412 Electronic Engineering Technicians in **SA and WA**.





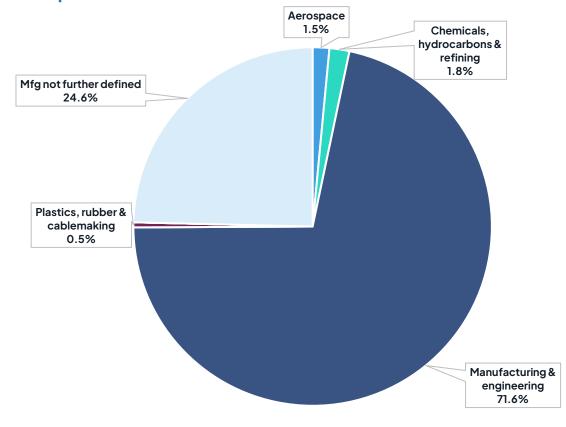
# 3124 Electronic Engineering Draftspersons and Technicians





#### Employment by subsector (2021)

#### 3124 Electronic Engineering Draftspersons and Technicians

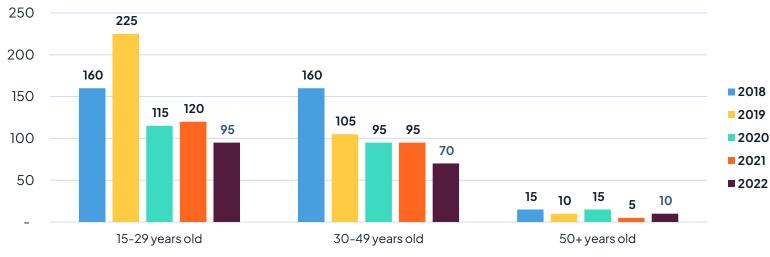




#### 3124 Electronic Engineering Draftspersons and Technicians



#### 2018-2022 enrolment trend for related manufacturing training (national)



3120 - Building and Engineering Technicians - nfd

There is training available for the **broader** occupation group through MEM qualification Diploma of Engineering – Advanced Trade.



■ 312511 Mechanical Engineering Draftsperson



#### 3125 Mechanical Engineering Draftspersons & Technicians

orkers: 31%**  JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023			The median a	:- 40	Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033		
Part-time share (%)	Female share (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	ade Employed Fullul May /U/3		Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033	
9	18	N/A	45		5.94	worked in MFG	+16.5%

Sources: JSA Occupation Profiles Data - November 2023, JSA Employment projections May 2023-2033, ABS Census 2021 and NCVER qualification enrolments 2018-22.

■ 312512 Mechanical Engineering Technician

#### Workers by state/territory of Australia (2021)



All occupations within this group have **a national shortage** with an estimated 6k persons employed as of 2023.

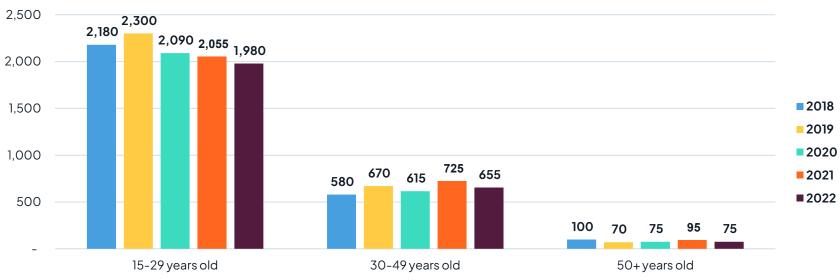


Sources: JSA Occupation Profiles Data - November 2023, Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033, ABS Census 2021 and NCVER qualification enrolments 2018-22. \*Retention gap shortages are where there are below average rates of retention, potentially reinforced by low numbers of new applicants per vacancy.

This is a category where increasing the throughput of qualified applicants is unlikely to solve the problem because of the low likelihood of retaining them. Ways to enhance the attractiveness of the occupation through improved remuneration and/or working conditions, professional development and clearer career pathways would be potential solutions to alleviate this kind of shortage. Source: JSA Atlas Pro, accessed 22/2/24. \*\* In 2024, 31% of all workers were employed on a part-time basis and 69% full-time employed (source: ABS Labour Force Results – January 2024)

#### 3125 Mechanical Engineering Draftspersons & Technicians

#### 2018-2022 enrolment trend for related manufacturing training (national)



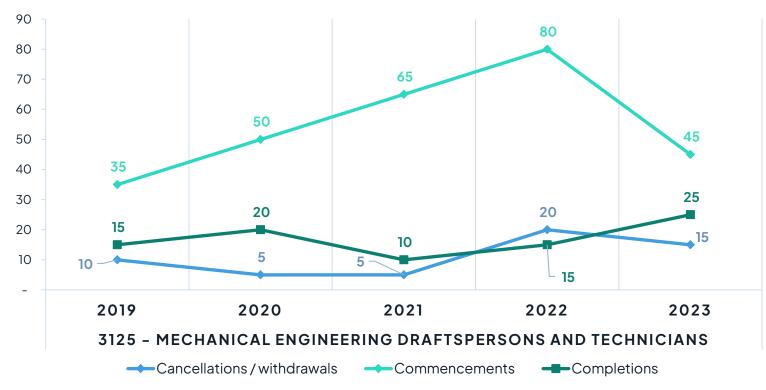
3125 - Mechanical Engineering Draftspersons and Technicians

Qualifications from the MEM Training Package provide training for these occupations.



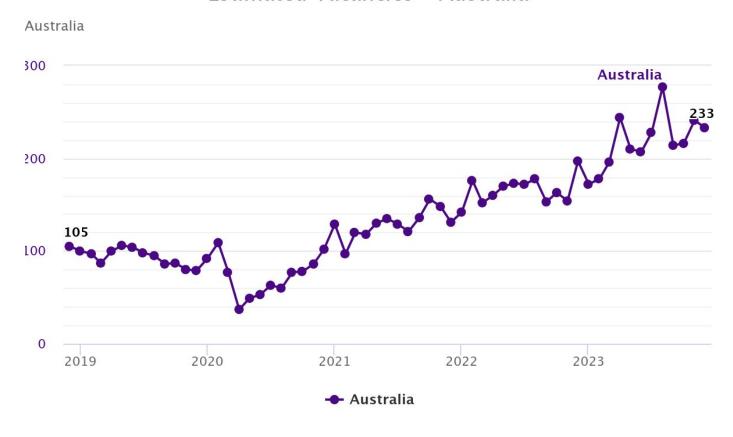
# 3125 Mechanical Engineering Draftspersons & Technicians

#### **APPRENTICESHIP AND TRAINEE TRENDS**



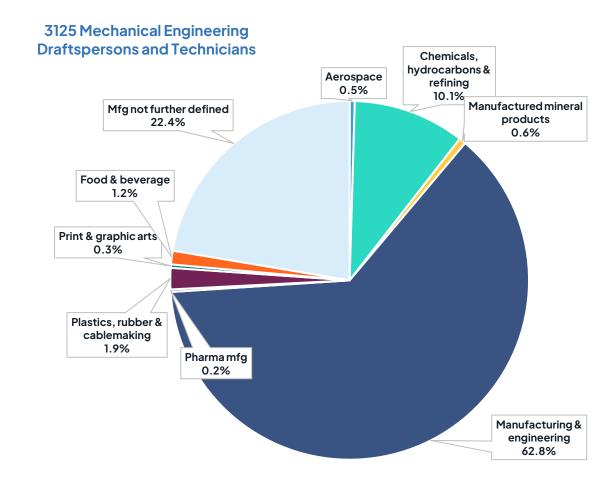


#### 3125 Mechanical Engineering Draftspersons & Technicians





## Employment by subsector (2021)







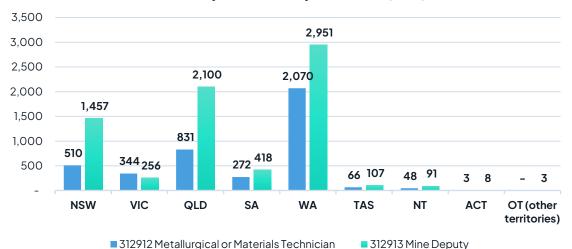


The median age across National average of PT Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033 JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023 all occupations is 42 workers: 31%\*\* Projected 10-year employment Part-time share (%) Female share (%) Median weekly earnings Median age Employed ('000) May 2023 growth (%) to 2033 In 2021, 14% worked in MFG 14 \$2,419 +17.3% 46

Within this occupation group, there is a **national shortage** of 312912 Metallurgical or Materials Technician and 312913 Mine Deputy, a shortage of 312911 Maintenance Planner in NT, 312999 Building and Engineering Technicians nec in VIC and QLD, and 312914 Other Draftsperson in VIC (no employment data available in 2021).

Sources: JSA Occupation Profiles Data - November 2023, JSA Employment projections May 2023-2033, ABS Census 2021 and NCVER qualification enrolments 2018-22.

#### Workers by state/territory of Australia (2021)





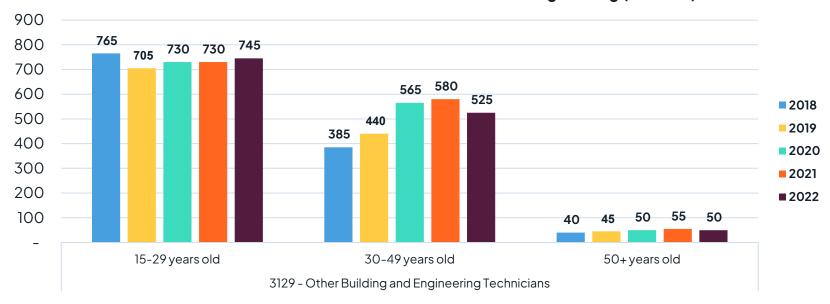


Sources: JSA Occupation Profiles Data - November 2023, Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033, ABS Census 2021 and NCVER qualification enrolments 2018-22. \*Retention gap shortages are where there are below average rates of retention, potentially reinforced by low numbers of new applicants per vacancy.

This is a category where increasing the throughput of qualified applicants is unlikely to solve the problem because of the low likelihood of retaining them. Ways to enhance the attractiveness of the occupation through improved remuneration and/or working conditions, professional development and clearer career pathways would be potential solutions to alleviate this kind of shortage. Source: JSA Atlas Pro, accessed 22/2/24. \*\* In 2024, 31% of all workers were employed on a part-time basis and 69% full-time employed (source: ABS Labour Force Results - January 2024)



#### 2018-2022 enrolment trend for related manufacturing training (national)

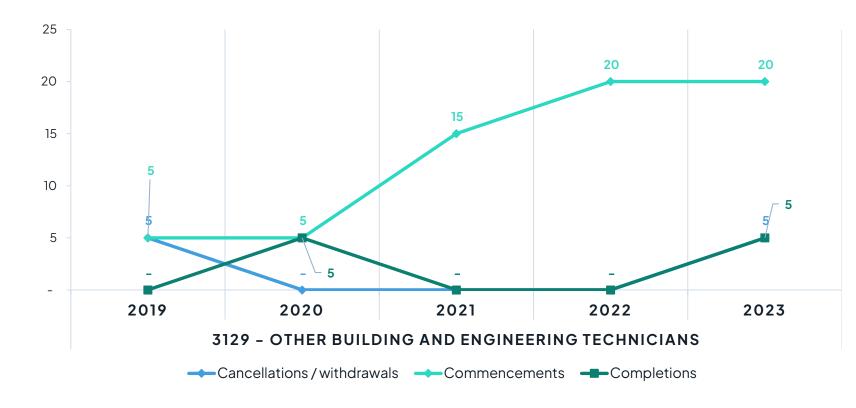


Qualifications from the MEM Training Package provide training for these occupations.



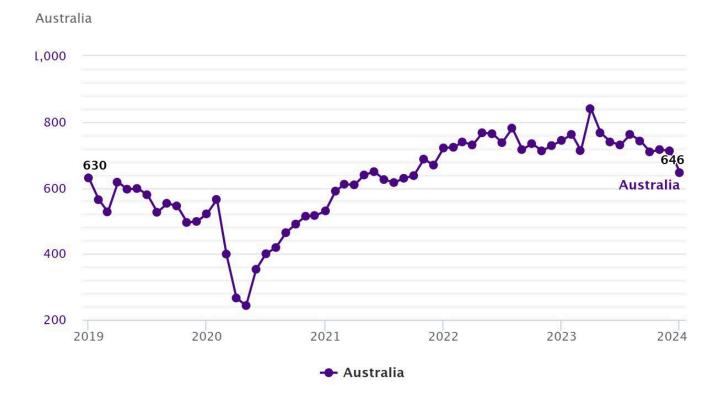


#### **APPRENTICESHIP AND TRAINEE TRENDS**





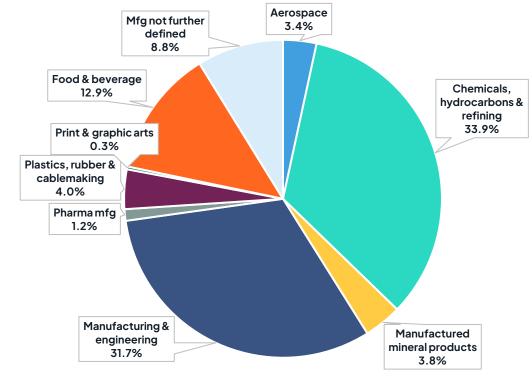






## Employment by subsector (2021)

#### 3129 Other Building and Engineering Technicians







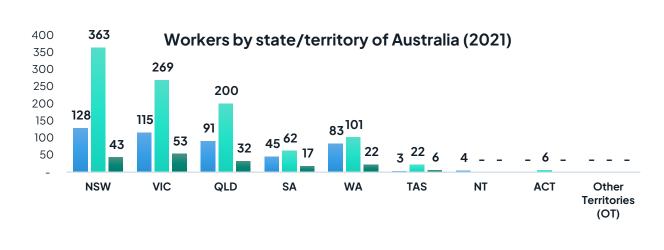
#### 3221 Metal Casting, Forging and Finishing Trades Workers

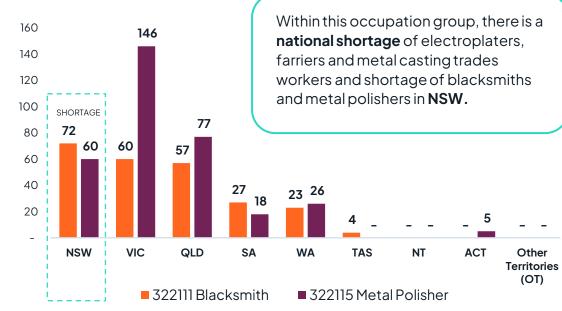
JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023

The median age across all occupations is 42

Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033

Part-time share (%)	Female share (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	Employed ('000) May 2023		Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033
32	18	N/A	38	2.83	In 2021, 36% worked in MFG	+12.3%







■ 322112 Electroplater

Sources: JSA Occupation Profiles Data - November 2023, Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033, ABS Census 2021 and NCVER qualification enrolments 2018-22.

\*Longer training gap shortages are defined by there being few qualified applicants per vacancy and a long training pathway – corresponding to a Certificate III or above.

This suggests that there is a need to increase the number of available skilled workers but with significant time lags involved in the training process. Source: JSA Atlas Pro, accessed 22/2/24

■ 322114 Metal Casting Trades Worker

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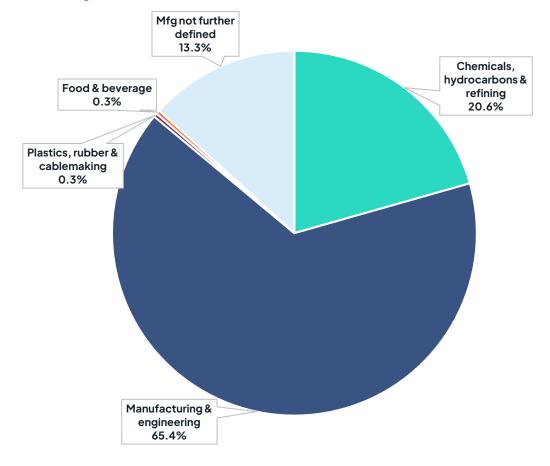
Manufacturing Workforce Plan 2024

© Manufacturing Industry Skills Alliance 2024

■ 322113 Farrier

# Employment by subsector (2021)

#### 3221 Metal Casting, Forging and Finishing Trades Workers







National average of PT workers: 31%\*\*

Highly male-dominated occupation group

JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023

The median age across all occupations is 42

Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033

Part-time share (%)	Female share (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	Employed (1000) May 2023	Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033
5	2	\$1,229	36	5.32 In 2021, 50% worked in MFG	+13.9%

#### Workers by state/territory of Australia (2021)



There is only 1 occupation in this group (322211 Sheetmetal Trades Worker), and it has a national shortage.

■ 322211 Sheetmetal Trades Worker



<sup>\*</sup>Longer training gap shortages are defined by there being few qualified applicants per vacancy and a long training pathway - corresponding to a Certificate III or above.

This suggests that there is a need to increase the number of available skilled workers but with significant time lags involved in the training process. Source: JSA Atlas Pro, accessed 22/2/24



<sup>\*\*</sup>In 2024, 31% of all workers were employed on a part-time basis and 69% full-time employed (source: ABS Labour Force Results - January 2024)

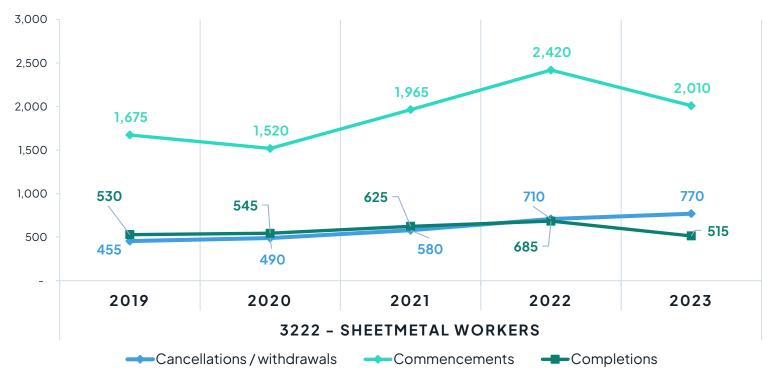
Qualifications from the MEM Training Package provide training for this occupation. Enrolments are prominent in students aged 15-29 and have been increasing overall.

#### 2018-2022 enrolment trend for related manufacturing training (national)

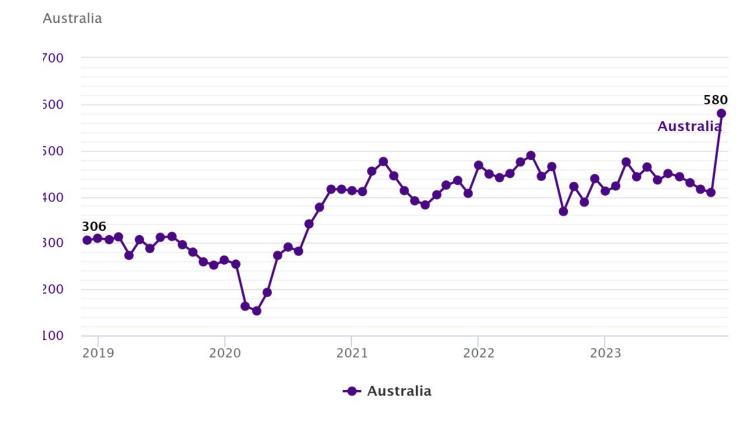




#### APPRENTICESHIP AND TRAINEE TRENDS

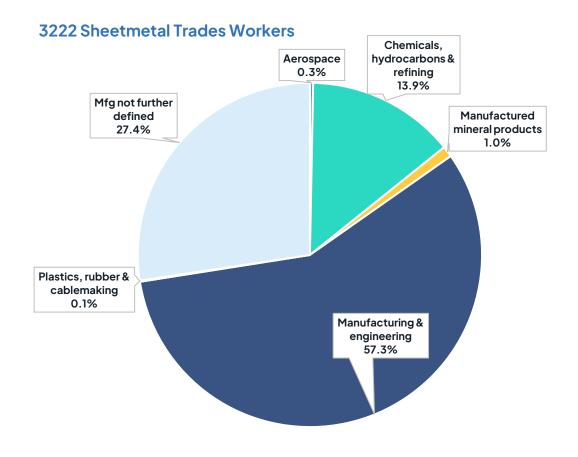








# Employment by subsector (2021)





# 3223 Structural Steel and Welding Trades Workers



Preliminary estimated driver: LONG TRAINING GAP\*

National average of PT workers: 31%\*\*

Highly male-dominated occupation group

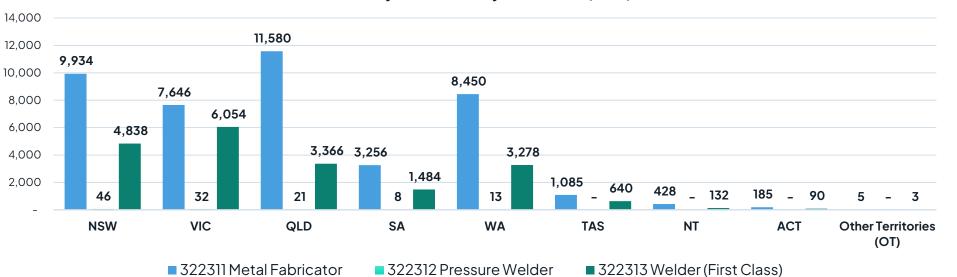
JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023

The median age across all occupations is 42

Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033

Part-time share (%)	Female share (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	Employed ('000) May 2023	Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033
6	2	\$1,760	39	77.62 In 2021, 35% worked in MFC	+12.8%

#### Workers by state/territory of Australia (2021)



Within this occupation group, 322311 Metal Fabricator, 322312 Pressure Welder and 322313 Welder (First Class) have **national shortages**.

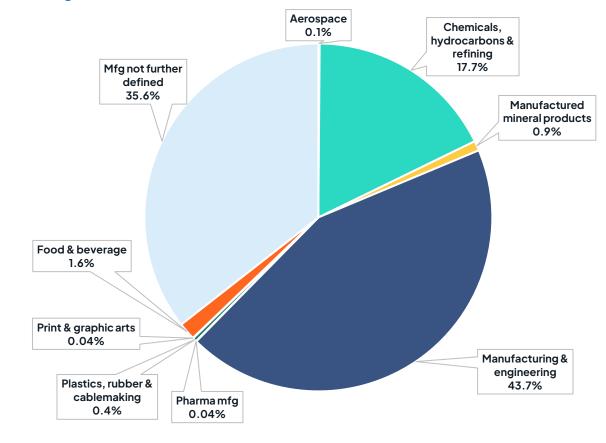


Sources: JSA Occupation Profiles Data - November 2023, Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033, ABS Census 2021 and NCVER qualification enrolments 2018-22.

<sup>\*</sup>Longer training gap shortages are defined by there being few qualified applicants per vacancy and a long training pathway – corresponding to a Certificate III or above. This suggests that there is a need to increase the number of available skilled workers but with significant time lags involved in the training process. Source: JSA Atlas Pro, accessed 22/2/24

# Employment by subsector (2021)

# 3223 Structural Steel and Welding Trades Workers

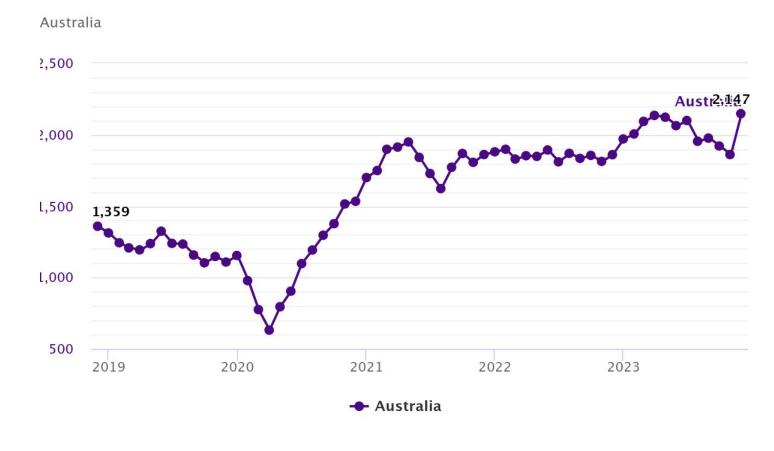






# 3223 Structural Steel and Welding Trades Workers

#### Estimated Vacancies - Australia





Qualifications from the MEM Training Package provide training for the broader occupation group 322 Fabrication Engineering Trades Workers.

#### 2018–2022 enrolment trend for related manufacturing training (national)





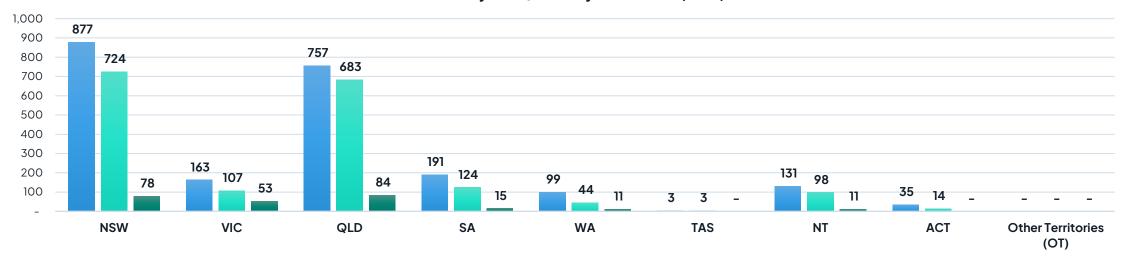


## 3231 Aircraft Maintenance Engineers

1	National average of PT Hi workers: 31%*	ghly male-dominated occupation group	JSA Occupat	tion Profiles data - November 2023	all occupation		Projections p	oroduced by Victo	oria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-20	33
	Part-time share (%	Female sha	re (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	Emp	loyed ('000) Ma	ay 2023	Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033	
								In 2021, 29%	g. o (75) 15 = 555	4
	7	4		\$2,694	42		10.97	worked in MFG	+15.2%	

#### Workers by state/territory of Australia (2021)

All occupations within this group have a **national shortage**.



■ 323111 Aircraft Maintenance Engineer (Avionics) ■ 323112 Aircraft Maintenance Engineer (Mechanical) ■ 323113 Aircraft Maintenance Engineer (Structures)

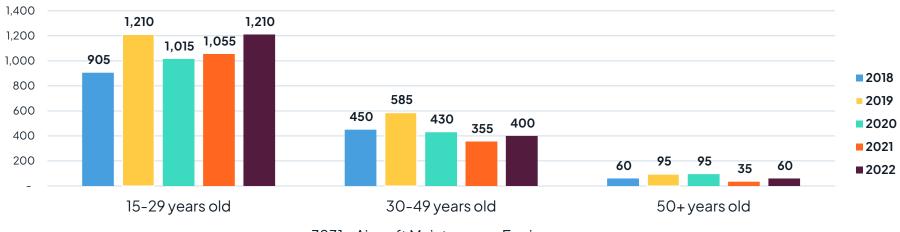




# 3231 Aircraft Maintenance Engineers

Qualifications from the MEA Training Package provide training for these occupations. Enrolments are prominent in students aged 15-29 and despite a decrease during the peak COVID-19 pandemic (2020-21), numbers appear to be recovering.

#### 2018-2022 enrolment trend for related manufacturing training (national)



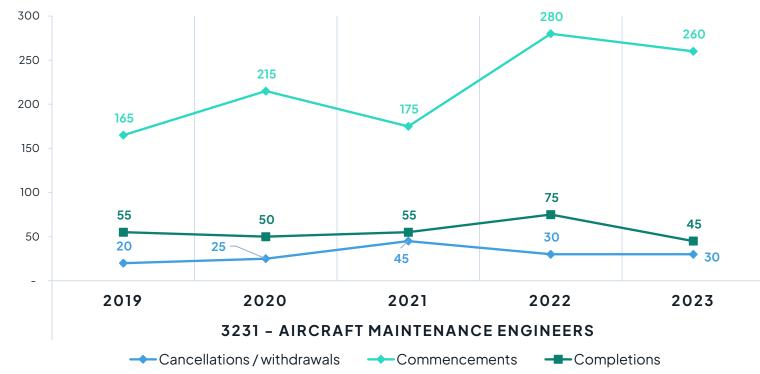






# 3231 Aircraft Maintenance Engineers

## APPRENTICESHIP AND TRAINEE TRENDS

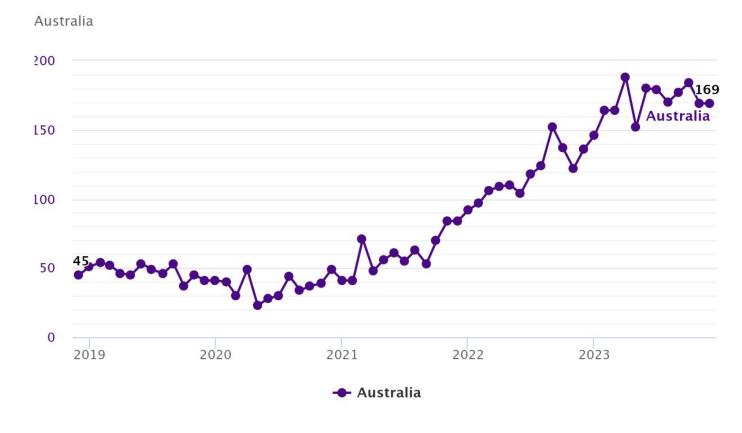






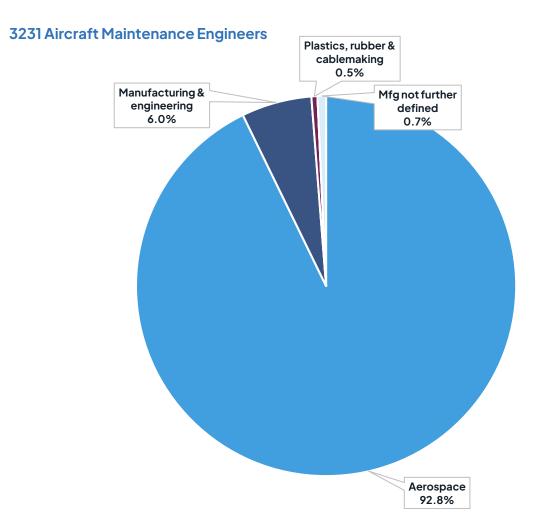
# 3231 Aircraft Maintenance Engineers

#### Estimated Vacancies - Australia





# Employment by subsector (2021)







National average of PT workers: 31%\*\*

Highly male-dominated occupation group

JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023

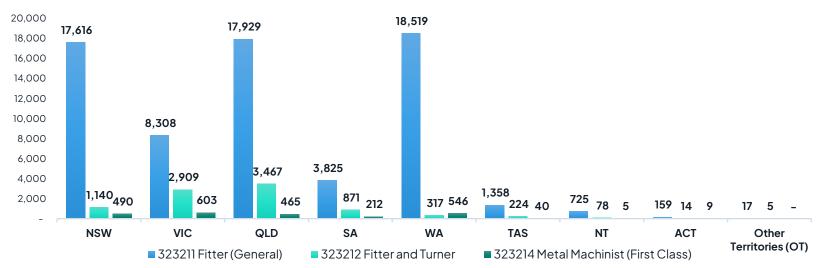
The median age across all occupations is 42

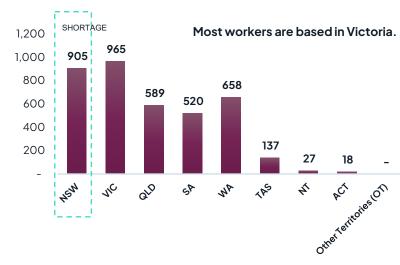
Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033

Part-time share (%)	Female share (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	Employed ('000) May 2023	Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033
4	2	\$2,117	38	120.40 worked in MI	+11.9%

Within this occupation group, there is a **national shortage** of fitters, fitter and turners, fitter-welders and metal machinists and a shortage of metal fitters and machinists nec in **VIC**.

#### Workers by state/territory of Australia (2021)





■ 323299 Metal Fitters and Machinists nec



Sources: JSA Occupation Profiles Data - November 2023, Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033, ABS Census 2021 and NCVER qualification enrolments 2018-22.

This suggests that there is a need to increase the number of available skilled workers but with significant time lags involved in the training process. Source: JSA Atlas Pro. accessed 22/2/24

\*\*In 2024, 31% of all workers were employed on a part-time basis and 69% full-time employed (source: ABS Labour Force Results - January 2024)

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Manufacturing Workforce Plan 2024

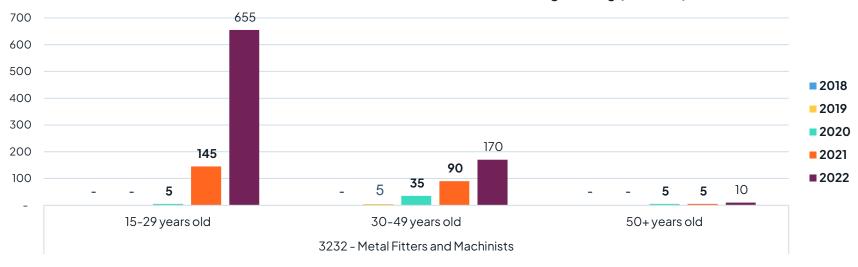
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<sup>\*</sup>Longer training gap shortages are defined by there being few qualified applicants per vacancy and a long training pathway – corresponding to a Certificate III or above.



Qualifications from the MEM Training Package provide training for these occupations. Enrolments have been growing but most prominently in 2022 in the 15-29 age group.

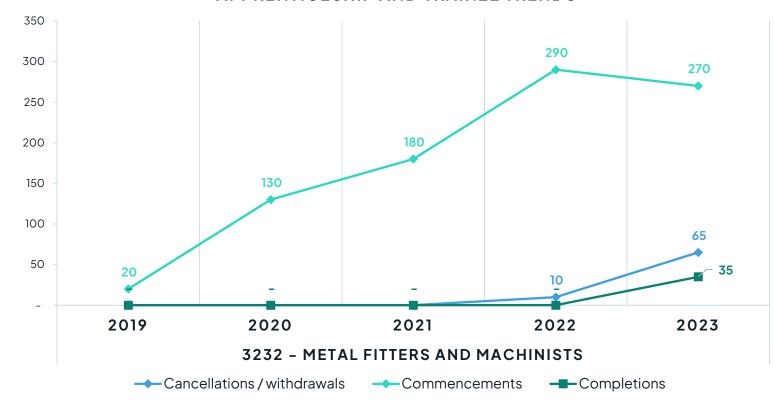
#### 2018-2022 enrolment trend for related manufacturing training (national)







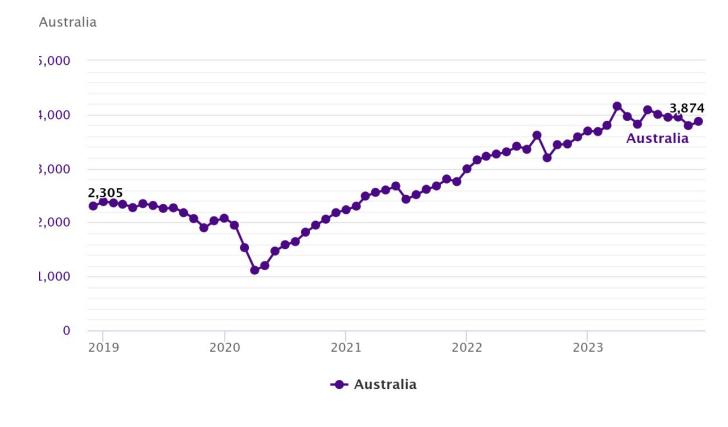
#### APPRENTICESHIP AND TRAINEE TRENDS





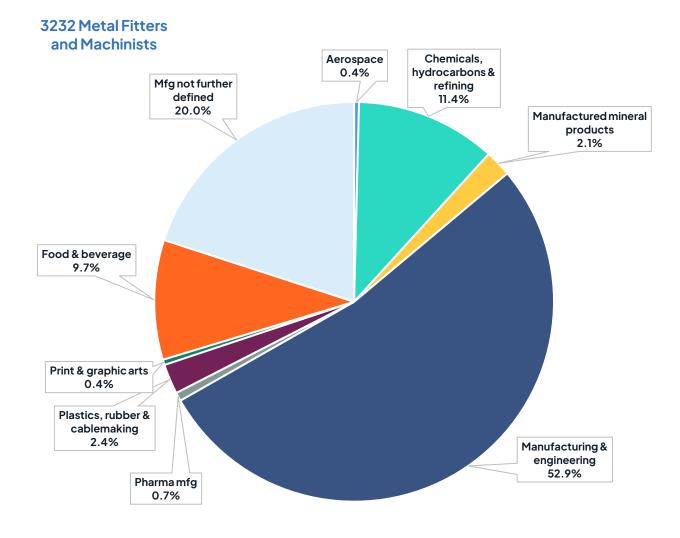


#### Estimated Vacancies - Australia





# Employment by subsector (2021)





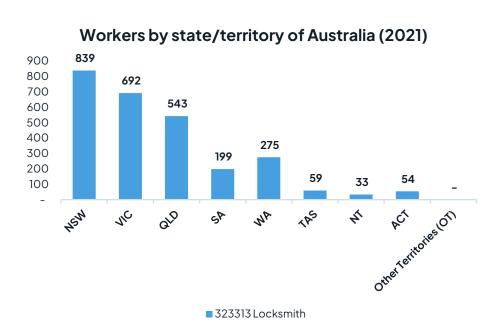
#### 3233 Precision Metal Trades Workers

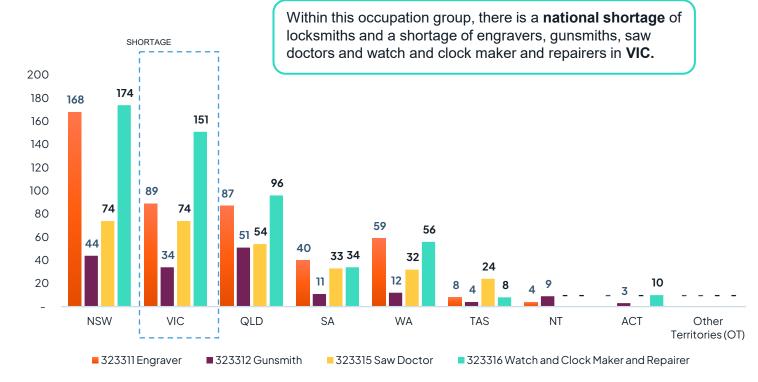
JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023

The median age across all occupations is 42

Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033

Part-time share (%)	Female share (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	Employed ('000) May 2023	Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033
13	11	\$1,528	46	8.00 In 2021, 32% worked in MFG	+9.4%

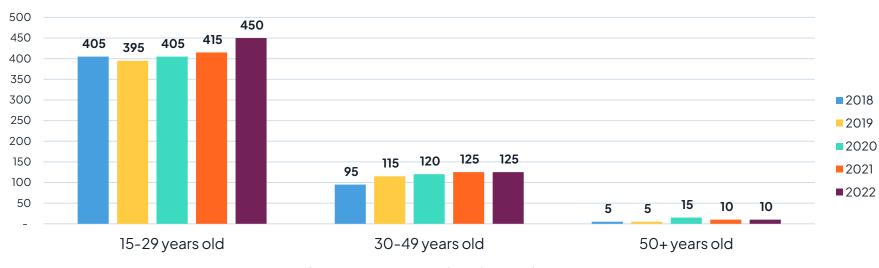






#### 3233 Precision Metal Trades Workers

#### 2018–2022 enrolment trend for related manufacturing training (national)



Qualifications from the MEM Training Package provide training for these occupations.
Enrolments are predominantly within the 15-29 age group.

3233 - Precision Metal Trades Workers



# 3233 Precision Metal Trades Workers

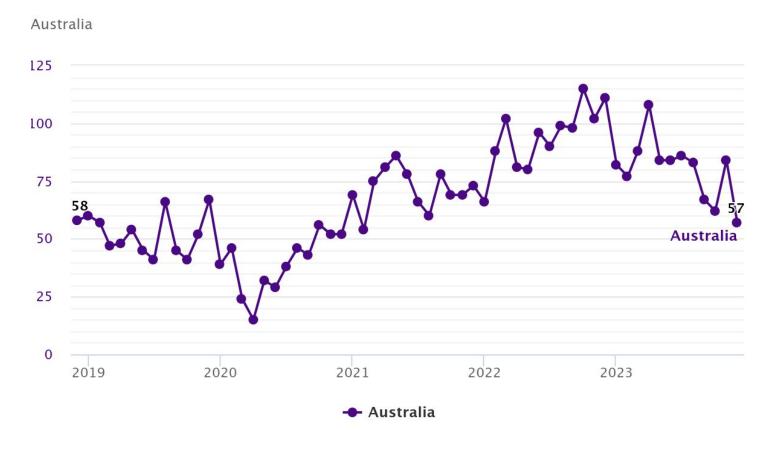
#### APPRENTICESHIP AND TRAINEE TRENDS





# 3233 Precision Metal Trades Workers

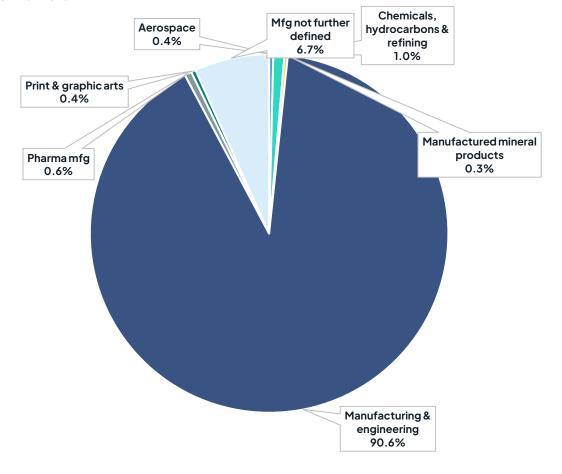
#### Estimated Vacancies - Australia





# Employment by subsector (2021)

## 3233 Precision Metal Trades Workers





# 3234 Toolmakers and Engineering Patternmakers

National average of PT workers: 31%\*

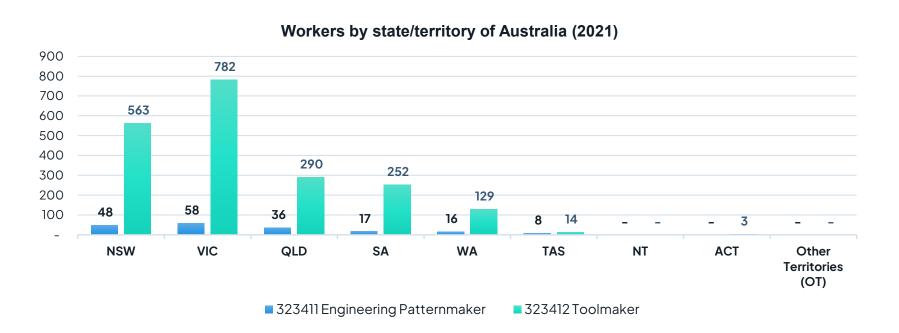
Highly male-dominated occupation group

JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023

The median age across all occupations is 42

Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033

Part-time share (%)	Female share (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	Employed ('000) May 2023	Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033
6	0	N/A	55	4.08 worked in N	



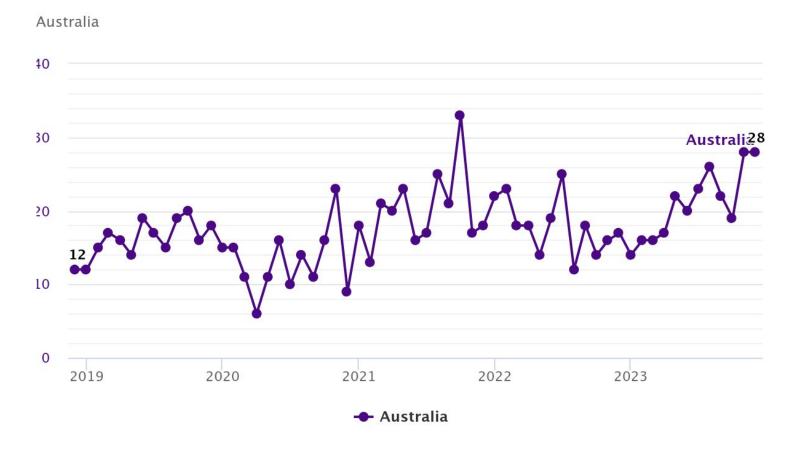
Within this occupation group, 323411 Engineering Patternmaker and 323412 Toolmaker have national shortages.

Qualifications from the MEM
Training Package provide training
for these occupations. There
have only been 5 enrolments from
2018-2022.



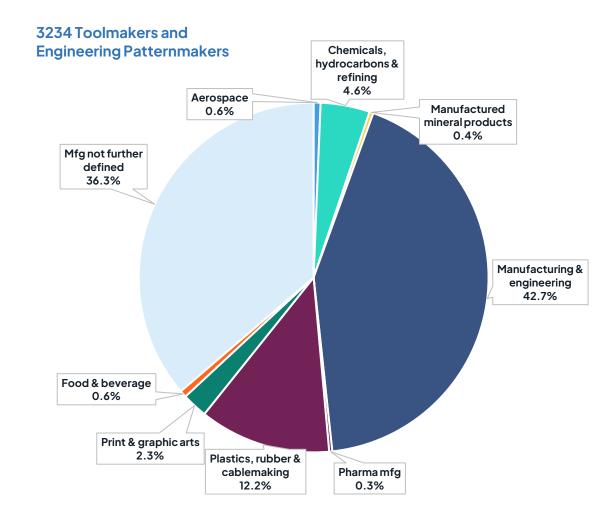
# 3234 Toolmakers and Engineering Patternmakers

#### Estimated Vacancies - Australia





# Employment by subsector (2021)







## 3242 Vehicle Body Builders and Trimmers

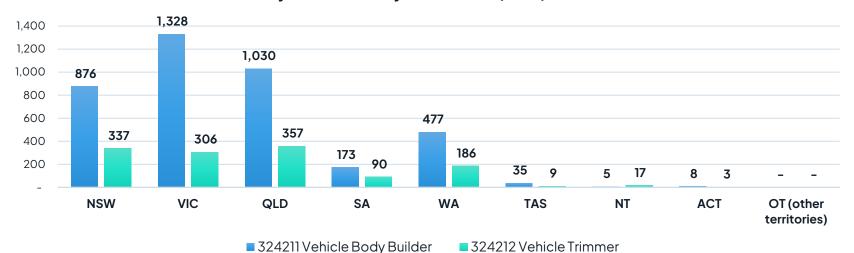
JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023

The median age across all occupations is 42

 $Projections\ produced\ by\ Victoria\ University\ for\ Jobs\ and\ Skills\ Australia\ 2023-2033$ 

Part-time share (%)	Female share (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	Employed ('000) May	y 2023	Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033
20	7	\$1,352	46		In 2021, 5% worked in MFG	+6.9%

#### Workers by state/territory of Australia (2021)

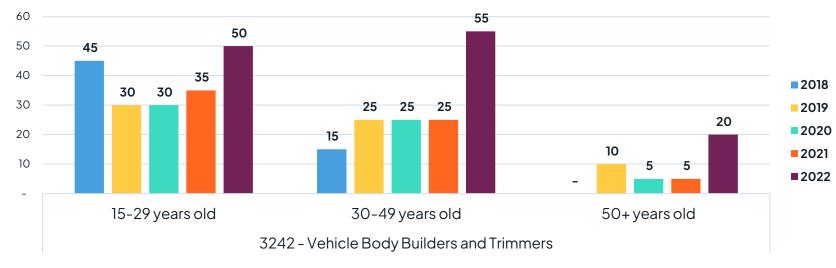


All occupations in this group have a **national shortage**.



## **3242 Vehicle Body Builders and Trimmers**

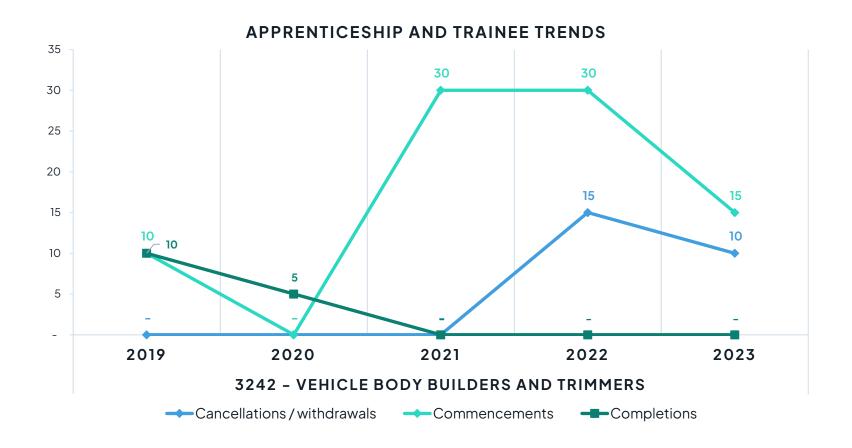




Recreational vehicle qualifications from the MSM Training Package provide training for this occupation.



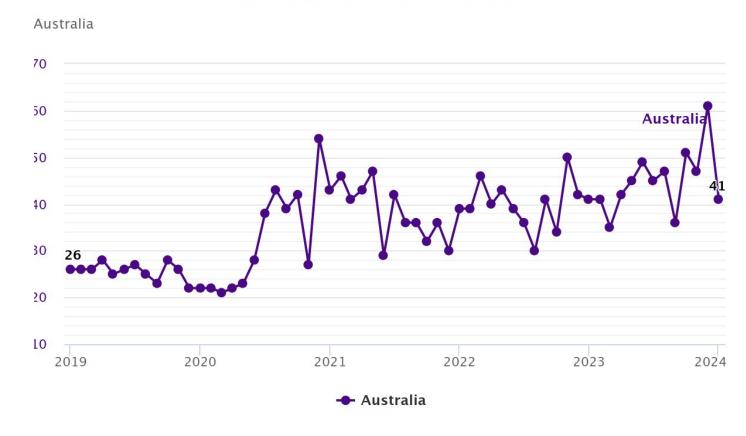
# 3242 Vehicle Body Builders and Trimmers





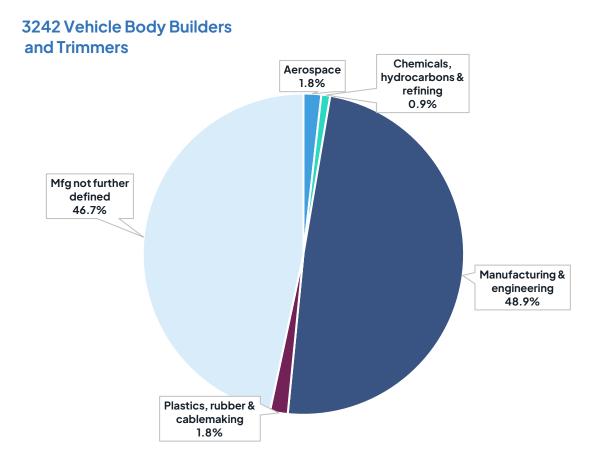
# 3242 Vehicle Body Builders and Trimmers

#### Estimated Vacancies - Australia





# Employment by subsector (2021)







### Preliminary estimated driver: LONG TRAINING GAP\*

#### 3411 Electricians

National average of PT
workers: 31%\*\*

JSA Occupation Profiles data – November 2023

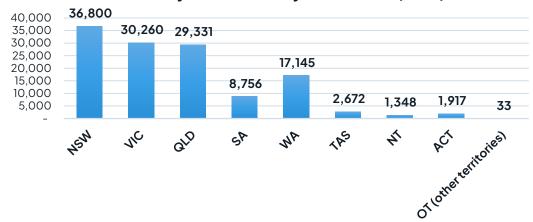
The median age across all occupations is 42

Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033

Part-time share (%)	Female share (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	Employed ( 000) May 2025	Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033
6	2	\$2,120	34	177.3 In 2021, 8% worked in MFG	+11.9%

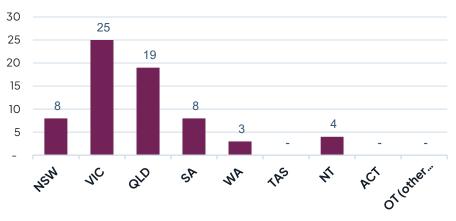
Within this occupation group, 341111 Electrician (General) and 341112 Electrician (Special Class) have **national shortages**.

#### Workers by state/territory of Australia (2021)



■ 341111 Electrician (General)

#### Workers by state/territory of Australia (2021)



■ 341112 Electrician (Special Class)



Sources: JSA Occupation Profiles Data - November 2023, Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033, ABS Census 2021 and NCVER qualification enrolments 2018-22.

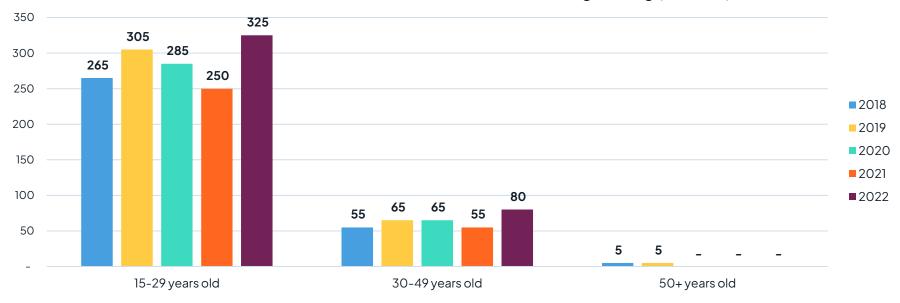
Source: JSA Atlas Pro, accessed 22/2/24. \*\* In 2024, 31% of all workers were employed on a part-time basis and 69% full-time employed (source: ABS Labour Force Results - January 2024)

### 3411 Electricians



**Qualifications from the MEM Training Package provide training for this occupation.** Enrolments are predominantly within the 15-29 age group.

#### 2018–2022 enrolment trend for related manufacturing training (national)

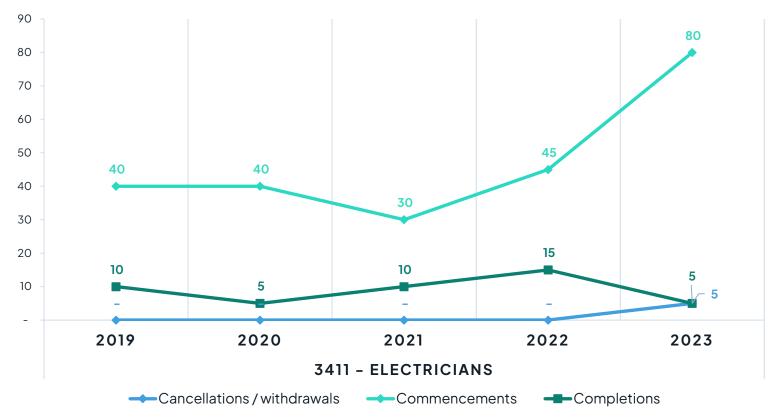






### 3411 Electricians

#### **APPRENTICESHIP AND TRAINEE TRENDS**

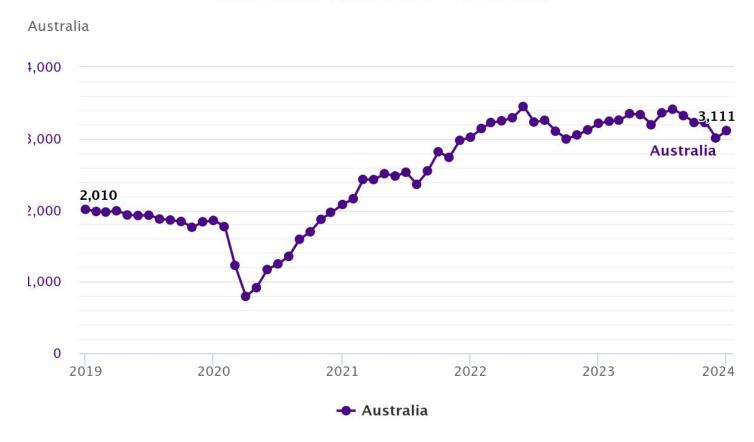






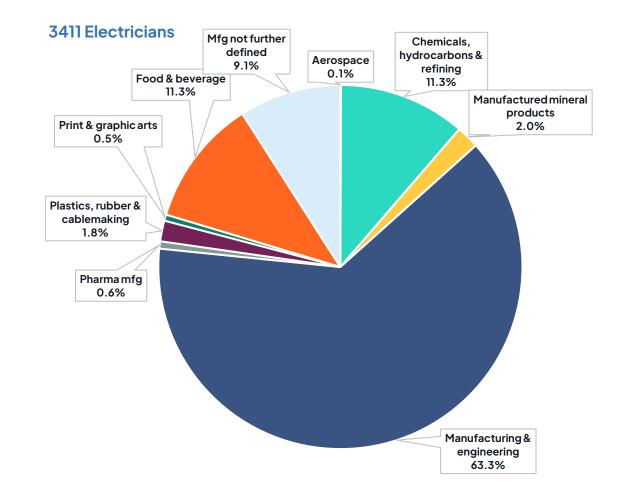
### **3411 Electricians**

#### Estimated Vacancies - Australia





# Employment by subsector (2021)



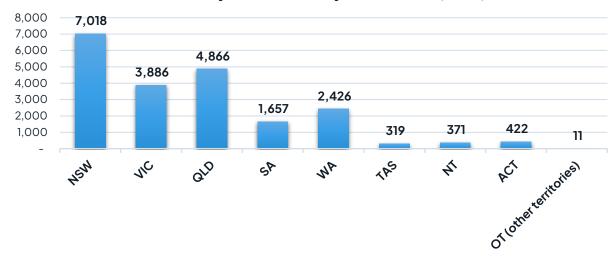


# 3421 Airconditioning and Refrigeration Mechanics



National average of PT workers: 31%**  JSA Occupation P		rofiles data - November 2023	The median age occupation	University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033			
Part-time share (%)	Female share (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	Em	ployed ('000) Ma	ay 2023	Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033
7	2	N/A	33		26.4	In 2021, 32% worked in MFG	

#### Workers by state/territory of Australia (2021)



There is only 1 occupation in this group (342111 Airconditioning and Refrigeration Mechanic), and it has a **national shortage**.

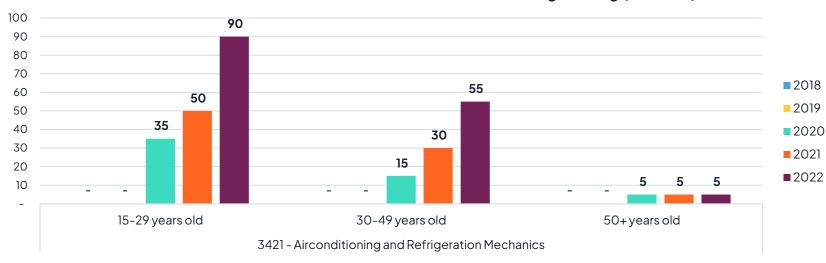
■ 342111 Airconditioning and Refrigeration Mechanic





## 3421 Airconditioning and Refrigeration Mechanics

#### 2018–2022 enrolment trend for related manufacturing training (national)



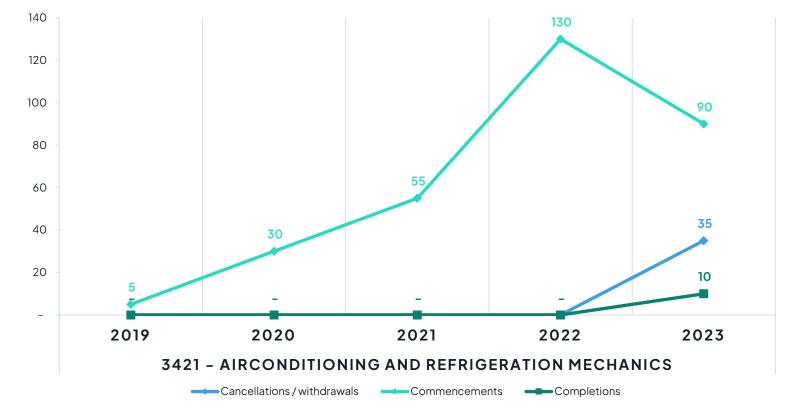
Qualifications from the MEM Training Package provide training for this occupation.





# 3421 Airconditioning and Refrigeration Mechanics

#### APPRENTICESHIP AND TRAINEE TRENDS

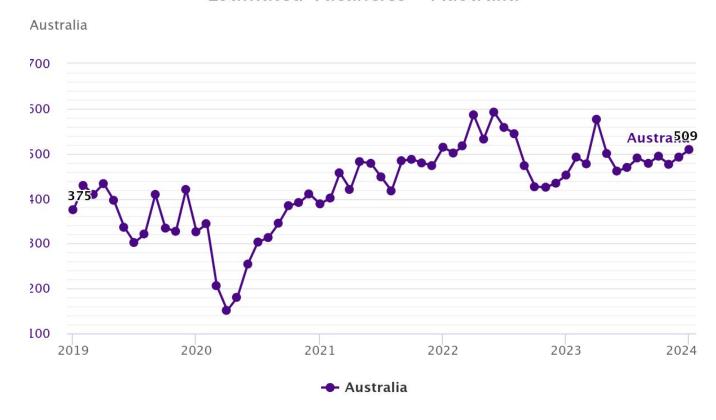






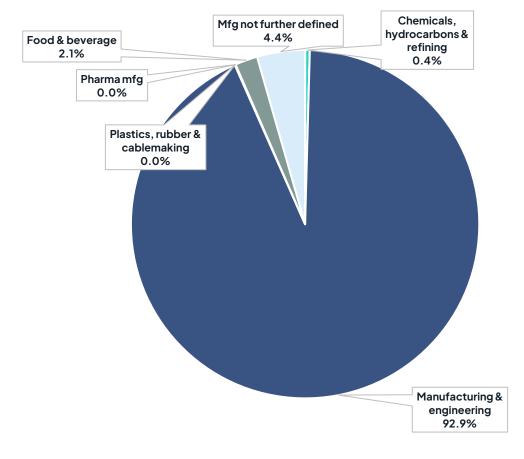
## 3421 Airconditioning and Refrigeration Mechanics

#### Estimated Vacancies - Australia





## 3421 Airconditioning and Refrigeration Mechanics







JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023

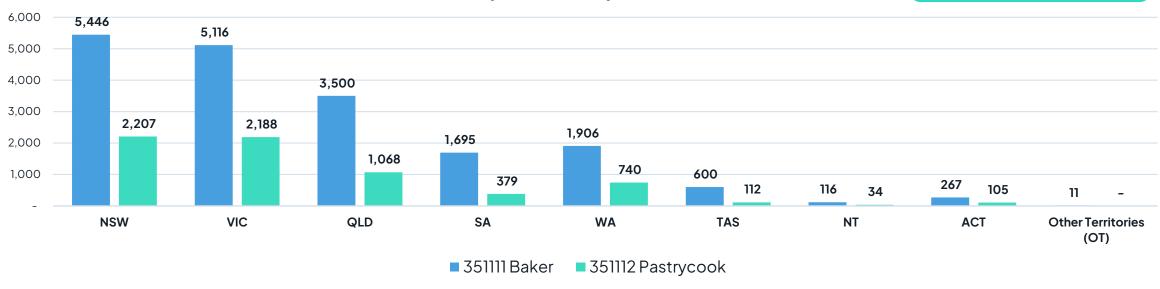
The median age across all occupations is 42

Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033

Part-time share (%)	Female share (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	Employed ( 000) May 2025	Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033
32	42	\$1,196	36	29.03 In 2021, 55% worked in MFG	+9.3%

#### Workers by state/territory of Australia (2021)

All occupations within this group have a **national shortage**.

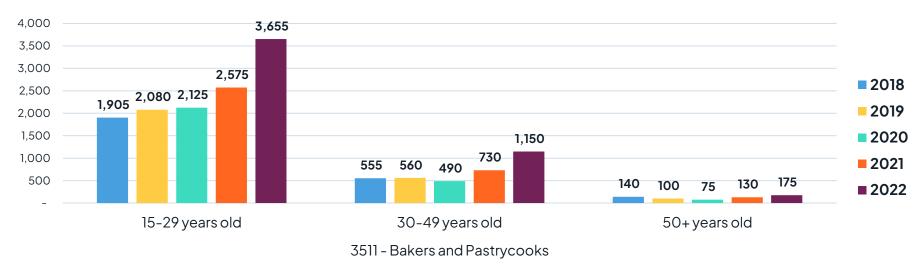




Sources: JSA Occupation Profiles Data - November 2023, Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033, ABS Census 2021 and NCVER qualification enrolments 2018-22.

\*Retention gap shortages are where there are below average rates of retention, potentially reinforced by low numbers of new applicants per vacancy. This is a category where increasing the throughput of qualified applicants is unlikely to solve the problem because of the low likelihood of retaining them. Ways to enhance the attractiveness of the occupation through improved remuneration and/or working conditions, professional development and clearer career pathways would be potential solutions to alleviate this kind of shortage. Source: JSA Atlas Pro, accessed 22/2/24

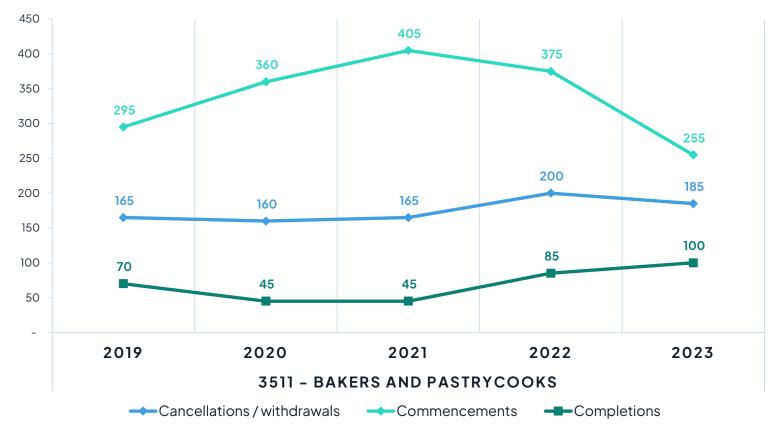
#### 2018-2022 enrolment trend for related manufacturing training (national)



Qualifications from the FBP Training Package provide training for these occupations. Enrolments are predominantly within the 15-29 age group.



#### APPRENTICESHIP AND TRAINEE TRENDS

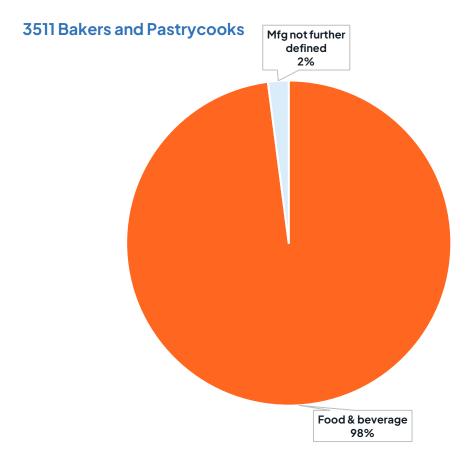




#### Estimated Vacancies - Australia









### 3921 Print Finishers and Screen Printers

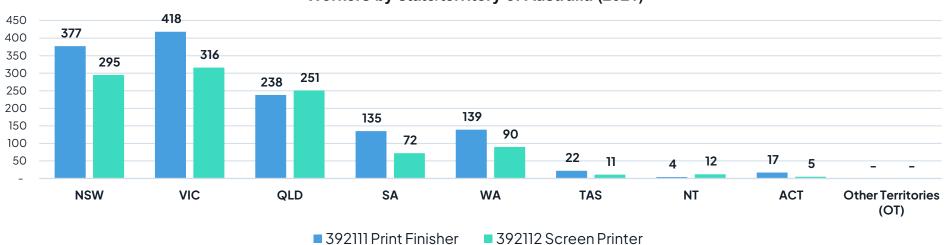
JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023

The median age across all occupations is 42

Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033

Part-time share (%)	Female share (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	Employed ('000) May 2023	Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033
17	24	\$954	48	3.69 In 2021, 70% worked in M	

#### Workers by state/territory of Australia (2021)

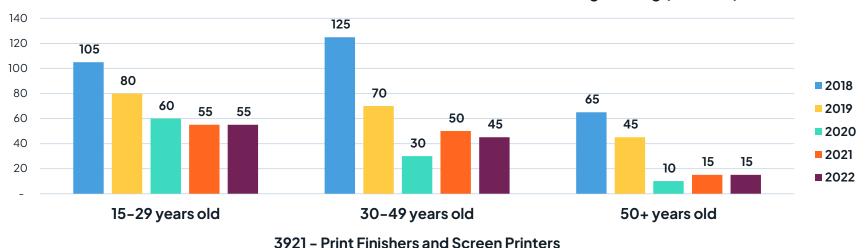


All occupations within this group have a **national shortage**.



### 3921 Print Finishers and Screen Printers

#### 2018-2022 enrolment trend for related manufacturing training (national)

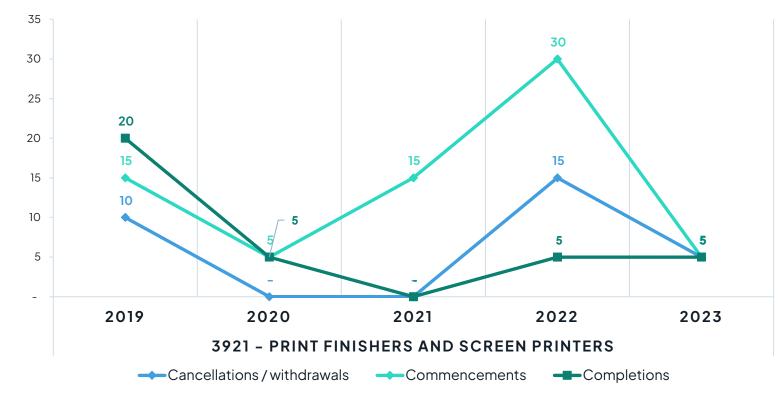


Qualifications from the ICP Training Package provide training for 392111 Printer Finishers but not for screen printers.

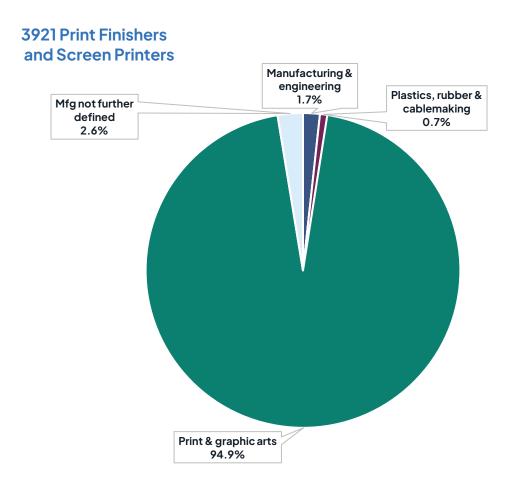


# 3921 Print Finishers and Screen Printers

#### APPRENTICESHIP AND TRAINEE TRENDS

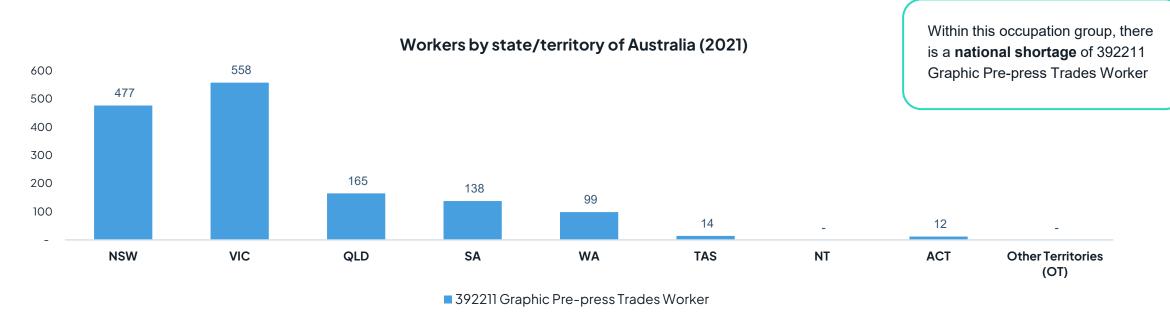






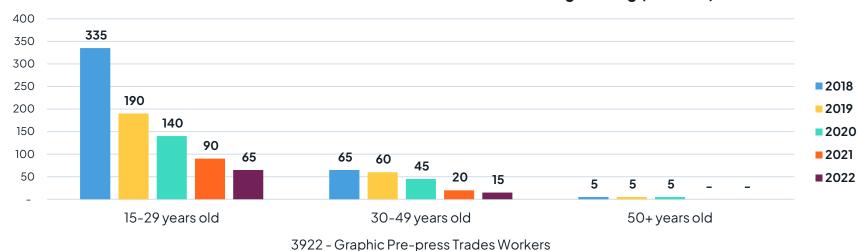


Highly male-The median age across all dominated No people were JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023 Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033 occupations is 42 occupation group employed part-time **Projected 10-year employment** Median weekly earnings **Employed ('000) May 2023** Part-time share (%) Female share (%) Median age growth (%) to 2033 In 2021, 42% \$1.626 63 1.50 +9.5% worked in MFG





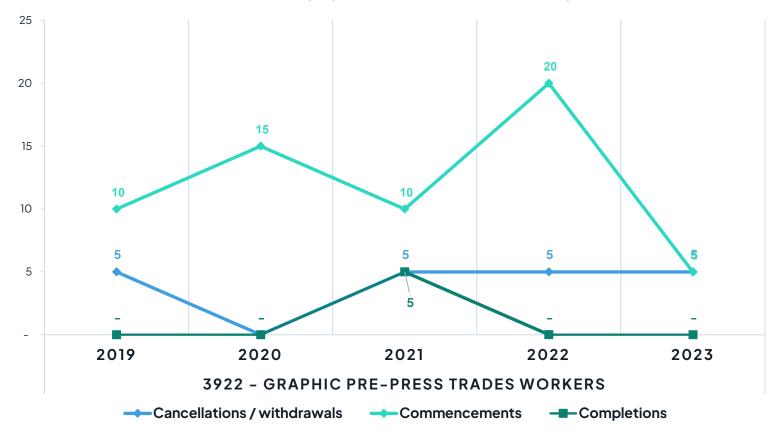
#### 2018–2022 enrolment trend for related manufacturing training (national)



Qualifications from the ICP Training Package provide training for these occupations.
Enrolments have declined over recent years.

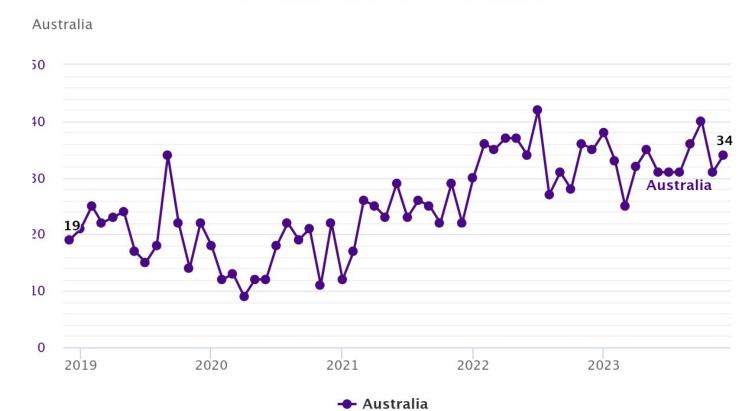


#### APPRENTICESHIP AND TRAINEE TRENDS



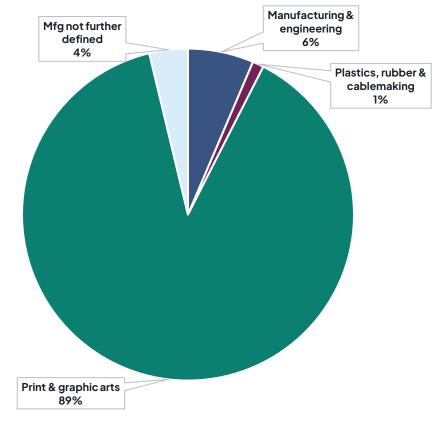


#### Estimated Vacancies - Australia





## **3922 Graphic Pre-press Trades Workers**



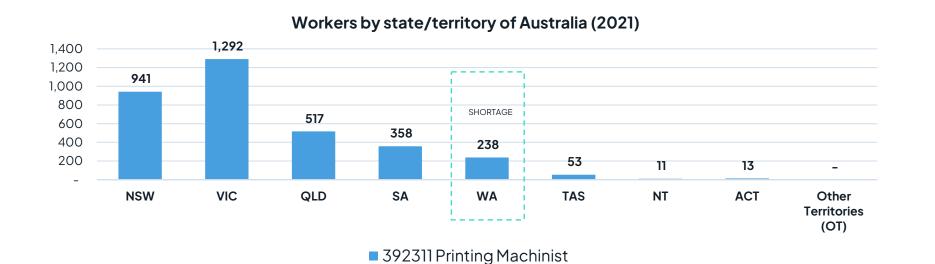


JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023

The median age across all occupations is 42

 $Projections\ produced\ by\ Victoria\ University\ for\ Jobs\ and\ Skills\ Australia\ 2023-2033$ 

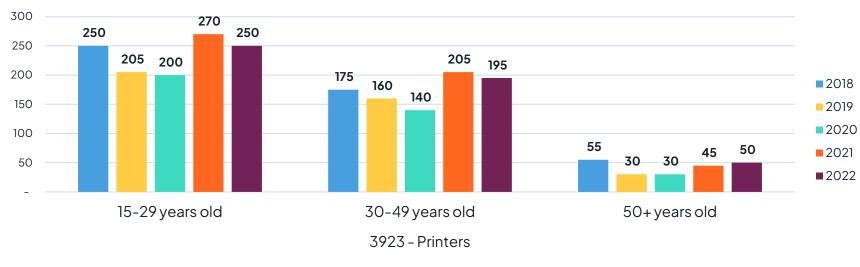
Part-time share (%)	Female share (%)	Median weekly earnings	Median age	Employed ('000) May 2023	Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033
10	15	\$1,732	46	11.56 worked in M	



Within this occupation group there is a shortage of 392311 Printing Machinist in **WA**.



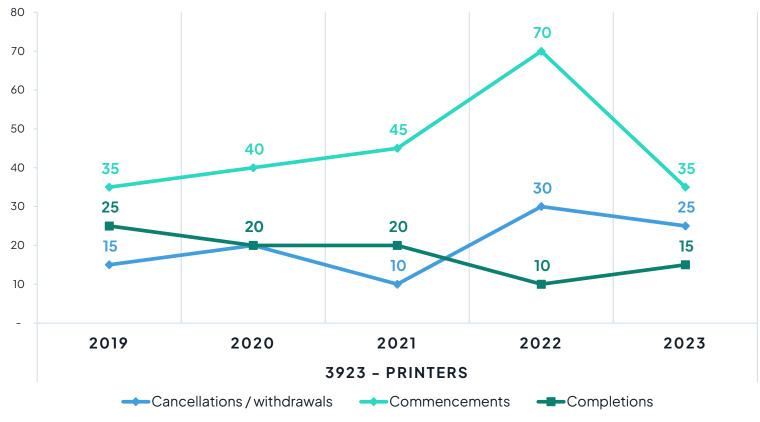
#### 2018-2022 enrolment trend for related manufacturing training (national)



Qualifications from the ICP Training Package provide training for these occupations.

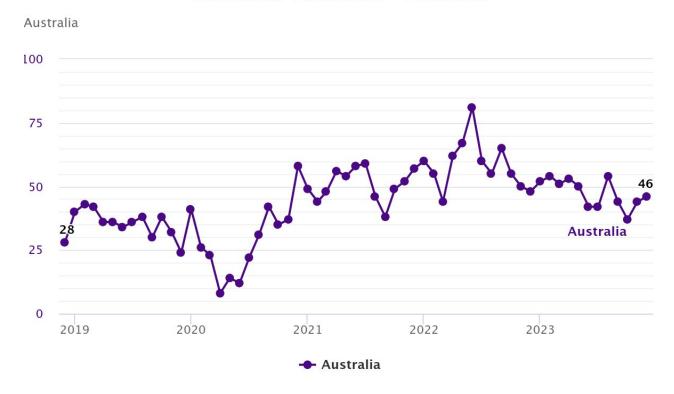


## APPRENTICESHIP AND TRAINEE TRENDS

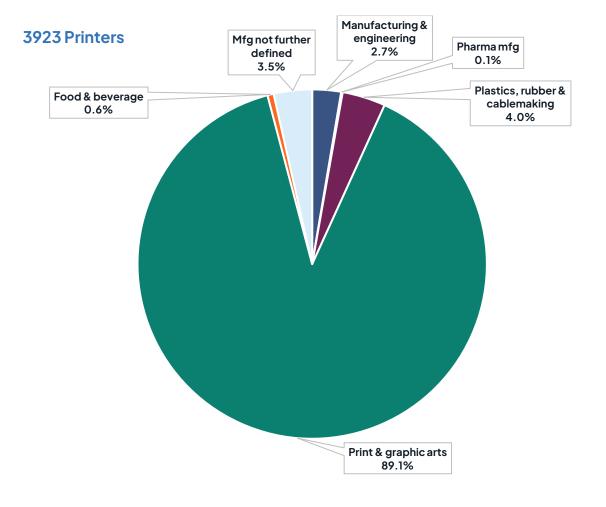




#### Estimated Vacancies - Australia











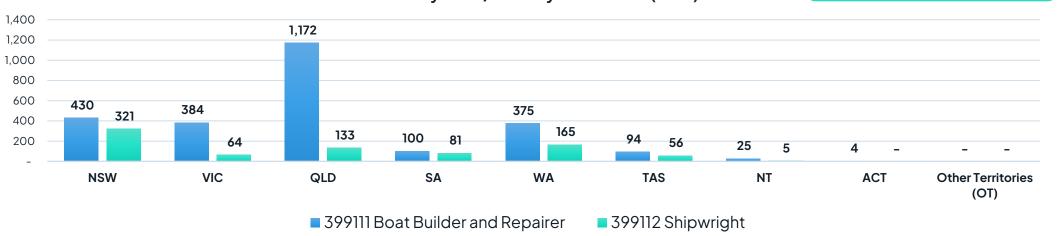
## 3991 Boat Builders and Shipwrights

Highly male-dominated JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023 Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033 occupations is 42 occupation group Projected 10-year employment Part-time share (%) Female share (%) Median weekly earnings Median age Employed ('000) May 2023 growth (%) to 2033 In 2021, 76% \$1,685 worked in MFG 42 +9.9%

The median age across all

#### Workers by state/territory of Australia (2021)

All occupations within this group have a **national shortage**.



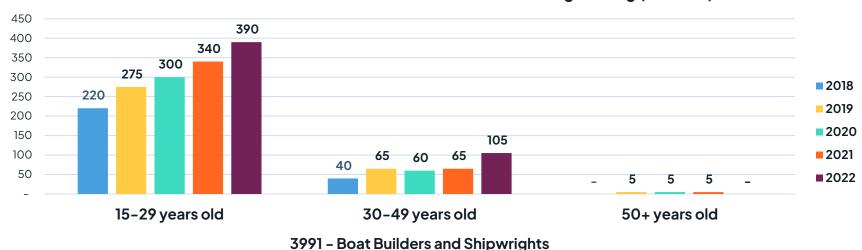


Sources: JSA Occupation Profiles Data - November 2023, Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033, ABS Census 2021 and NCVER qualification enrolments 2018-22.

\*Retention gap shortages are where there are below average rates of retention, potentially reinforced by low numbers of new applicants per vacancy. This is a category where increasing the throughput of qualified applicants is unlikely to solve the problem because of the low likelihood of retaining them. Ways to enhance the attractiveness of the occupation through improved remuneration and/or working conditions, professional development and clearer career pathways would be potential solutions to alleviate this kind of shortage. Source: JSA Atlas Pro, accessed 22/2/24

## 3991 Boat Builders and Shipwrights

#### 2018–2022 enrolment trend for related manufacturing training (national)

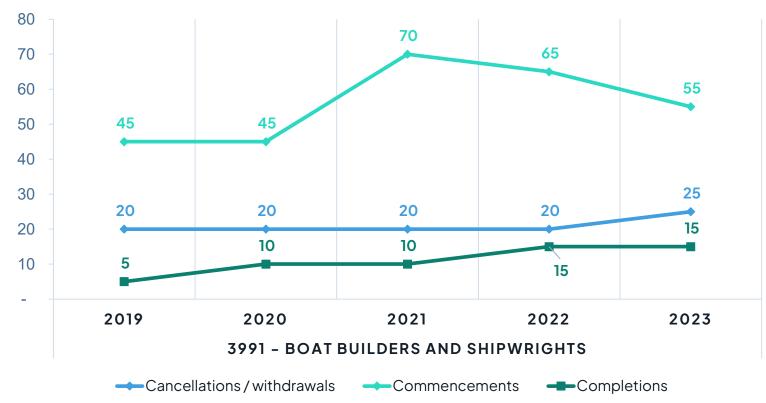


Qualifications from the MEM Training Package provide training for these occupations. Enrolments have grown over recent years, particularly within the 15-29 age group.

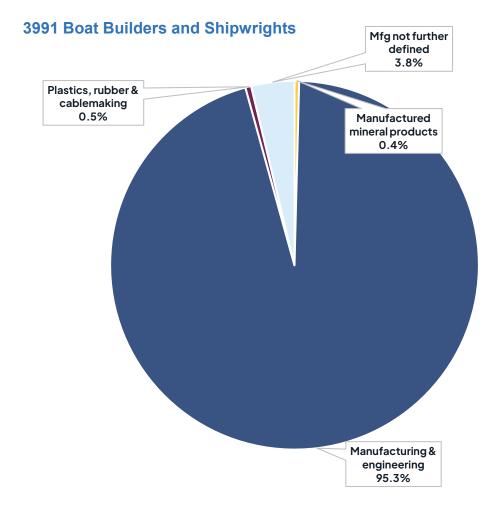


## 3991 Boat Builders and Shipwrights

#### APPRENTICESHIP AND TRAINEE TRENDS









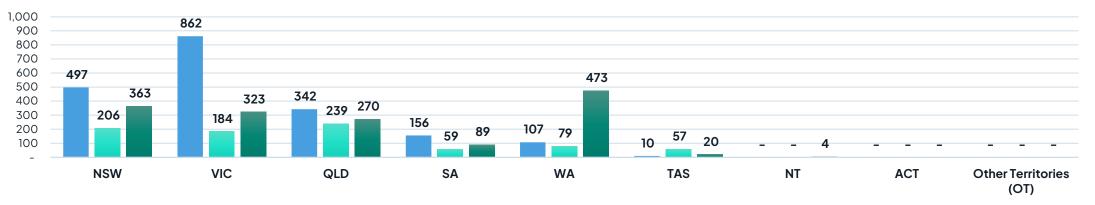


## 7115 Plastics and Rubber Production Machine Operators

National average o workers: 31%**				The median age occupations		Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2		
Part-time	rt-time share (%) Female share (		Median weekly earnings	Median age	Employed ('000) May 2023		ay 2023 In 2021, 51%	Projected 10-year employment growth (%) to 2033
į	5	15	\$1,294	44		6.68	worked in MFG	+11.0%

Within this occupation group, 711514 Plastics Production Machine Operator (General), 711515 Reinforced Plastic and Composite Production Worker and 711516 Rubber Production Machine Operator have **national shortages** 

#### Workers by state/territory of Australia (2021)



- ■711514 Plastics Production Machine Operator (General)
- ■711515 Reinforced Plastic and Composite Production Worker

■711516 Rubber Production Machine Operator

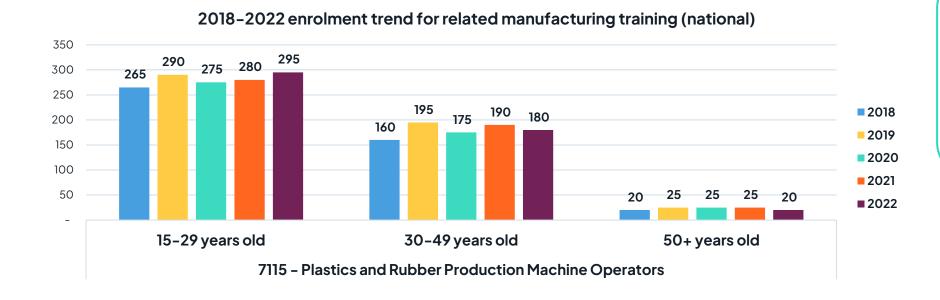


Sources: JSA Occupation Profiles Data - November 2023, Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033, ABS Census 2021 and NCVER qualification enrolments 2018-22.

\*Retention gap shortages are where there are below average rates of retention, potentially reinforced by low numbers of new applicants per vacancy.

This is a category where increasing the throughput of qualified applicants is unlikely to solve the problem because of the low likelihood of retaining them. Ways to enhance the attractiveness of the occupation through improved remuneration and/or working conditions, professional development and clearer career pathways would be potential solutions to alleviate this kind of shortage. Source: JSA Atlas Pro, accessed 22/2/24 \*\*In 2024, 31% of all workers were employed on a part-time basis and 69% full-time employed (source: ABS Labour Force Results - January 2024)

## 7115 Plastics and Rubber Production Machine Operators

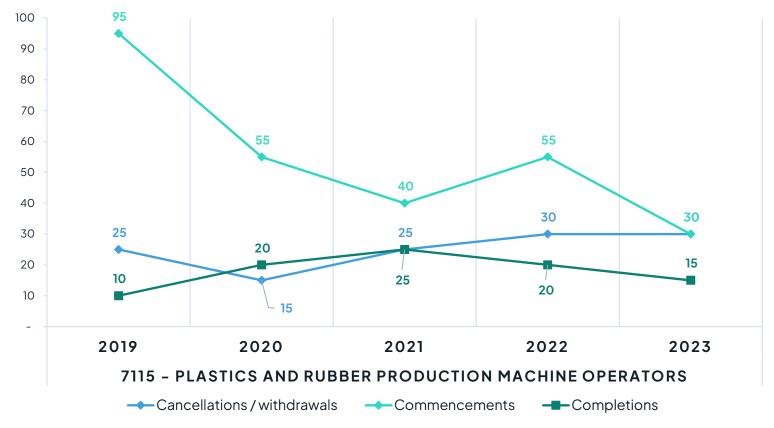


Qualifications from the PMB
Training Package provide
training for these
occupations. Enrolments have
remained relatively stable over
recent years.



## 7115 Plastics and Rubber Production Machine Operators

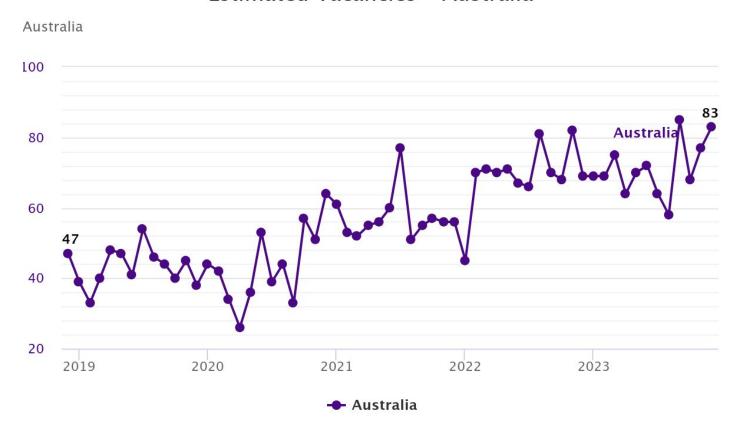
#### APPRENTICESHIP AND TRAINEE TRENDS





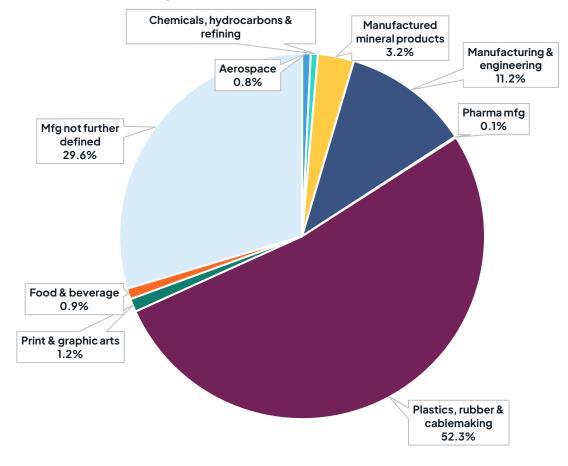
## 7115 Plastics and Rubber Production Machine Operators

#### Estimated Vacancies - Australia





## 7115 Plastics and Rubber Production Machine Operators

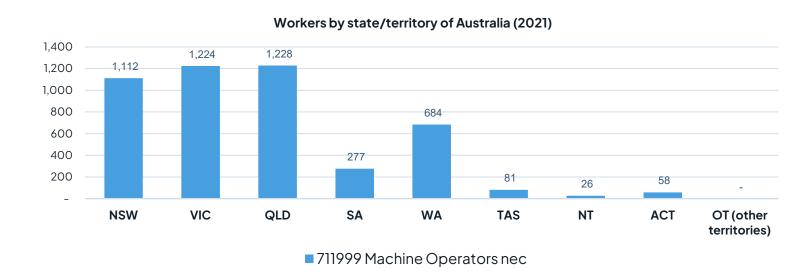




## 7119 Other Machine Operators

The median age across all JSA Occupation Profiles data - November 2023 Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033 National average of PT occupations is 42 workers: 31%\*\* Projected 10-year employment Employed ('000) May 2023 Part-time share (%) Female share (%) Median weekly earnings Median age growth (%) to 2033 In 2021, 25% 36 worked in MFG 42 43 +11.7% \$1.227

Sources: JSA Occupation Profiles Data - November 2023, JSA Employment projections May 2023-2033, ABS Census 2021 and NCVER qualification enrolments 2018-22.



Within this occupation group, there is a shortage of 711999 Machine Operators nec in SA.

No manufacturing VET qualifications currently provide training for the priority occupation 711999 Machine Operators nec, however, training is available under the AVI training package.

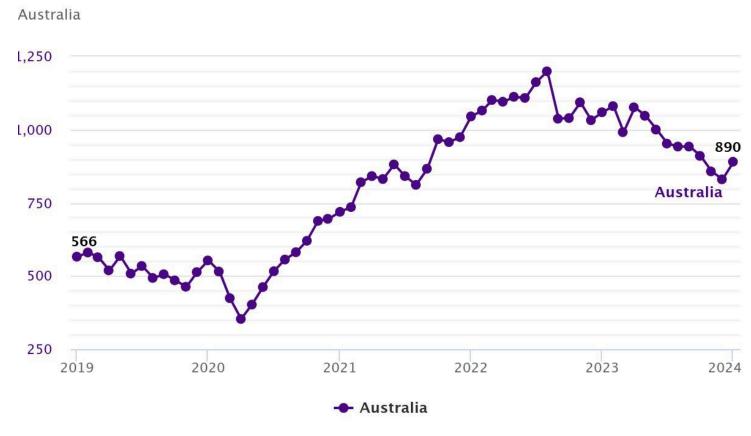


Sources: JSA Occupation Profiles Data - November 2023, Projections produced by Victoria University for Jobs and Skills Australia 2023-2033, ABS Census 2021 and NCVER qualification enrolments 2018-22. \*Retention gap shortages are where there are below average rates of retention, potentially reinforced by low numbers of new applicants per vacancy.

This is a category where increasing the throughput of qualified applicants is unlikely to solve the problem because of the low likelihood of retaining them. Ways to enhance the attractiveness of the occupation through improved remuneration and/or working conditions, professional development and clearer career pathways ppendix D: Priority Manufacturing Occupation Group Profiles | page 103 would be potential solutions to alleviate this kind of shortage. Source: JSA Atlas Pro, accessed 22/2/24.

## 7119 Other Machine Operators

#### Estimated Vacancies - Australia





#### 7119 Other Machine Operators

